

NDPBA

DJIBOUTI REGIONAL RISK PROFILES

SUBNATIONAL ASSESSMENT RESULTS



DJIBOUTI

ALI SABIEH

NDPBA REGIONAL PROFILE



DJIBOUTI ALI SABIEH

CAPITAL: ALI SABIEH

Area: 2,400 km2



RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - Very

Score: 0.302 • Rank: 6/6



Population (2015 Statistics)

86.949



RESILIENCE (R) - Very High

Score: 0.553 • Rank: 2/6



Chronic Food Insecurity (Population at Moderate or Higher)

47.2%



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) -

Very Low

Score: 0.013 • Rank: 6/6



Youth Unemployment

80.0%



VULNERABILITY (V) - Low

Score:0.425 • Rank: 5/6



Households without Access to Improved Water

46.0%



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - Very High

Score: 0.532 • Rank: 2/6



Adult Literacy Rate

42.0%

PDC Global www.pdc.org



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 6 / 6 REGIONS

SCORE: 0.013

MHE 0.013

Raw MHE 0.026

Relative MHE 0.000

ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:



Drought

19%

4 19.826

-



Landslide

14%

15,029

\$78.9 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

0%



Earthquake

100%

104.113

\$450 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

100%



Sea Level Rise

0%

- 0

0

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

0%



Flash Flood

2%

1,771

\$16 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

0%



Volcano

0%

≗ 0

0

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

0%



Wildfire

<1%

321

\$20 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

0%



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 5 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.425

Vulnerability in Ali Sabieh is primarily driven by Environmental Stress and Populations of Concern. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.

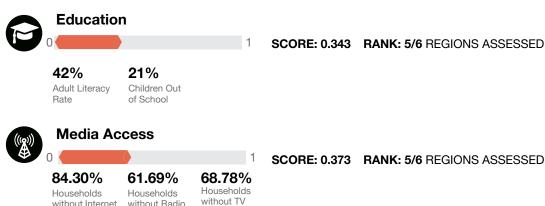


Information Access Vulnerability

without Radio

Access

SCORE: 0.368 RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED





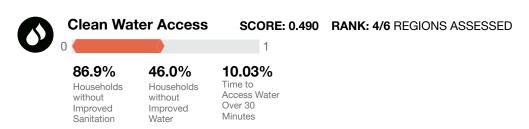
Standard of Living

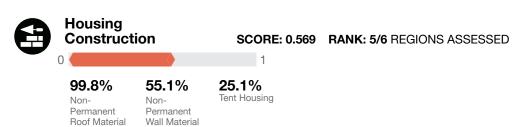
without Internet

1 SCORE: 0.498 **RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED** 51.2%

Access

Electricity Access





PDC Global www.pdc.org



RANK: 5 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.425



Vulnerable Health Status

SCORE: 0.219 RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

5.11%Malnutrition Incidence

2.20%
Population
Reporting
Malaria



Inequality

1 SCORE: 0.289 RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

0.33

Gini Coefficient





Food Access Vulnerability

1 SCORE: 0.424 RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



SCORE: 0.349 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

8.92%Food Insecure Households

75.3% Rural Households Receiving Food Aid 47.16% Chronic Food Insecurity

Food Supply Vulnerability

0

SCORE: 0.500 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

55% 18% Households Househ

Households Households Experiencing Impacted by Drought Shock Rising Prices



RANK: 5 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.425



Population Pressures

4.87% 80.0%

RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

4.87%Average Annual Population
Growth

Youth Unemployment



Populations of Concern

SCORE: 0.632

SCORE: 0.171

RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



Migrants and Refugees

1 SCORE: 0.349 RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED 42.59% 56.81% 15%

42.59% 56.81% 15%
Nomadic or Special Populations Populations



Other Populations of Concern

1 SCORE: 0.916 RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

5.41% 13.3%
Elderly Population Disability



Recent Disaster Impacts

1 SCORE: 0.286 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

0.40% Flood Impacts

14.20% Locust Impacts



Environmental Stress

1 SCORE: 0.942 RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

34.51 Air Quality (ug/

96.00% Groundwater Stress 18.3% Income from Sale of Charcoal or Firewood 48.62% Land Degradation

PDC Global www.pdc.org



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.532

Ali Sabieh exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Food System Capacity and Economic Capacity. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



Economic Capacity

SCORE: 0.361 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

40% Labor Force Participation

Ratio

4.63% **CNSS Insured**

46.7% Public Sector Employment

9% Microfinance Credit



Infrastructure Capacity

SCORE: 0.529 RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



Transportation Capacity

1 SCORE: 0.537 **RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED**

4.58

Distance to Port (km)

12.18% Time to Public Transport (within 30 mins)

0.43 Road and Rail Density (km per sq. km)



Health Care Capacity

RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.521

Health Care Infrastructure

7.6

SCORE: 0.548

RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

98% Attended Births

Hospital Beds per 10,000 Persons

2.5 Nurse and Midwives per 10,000 Persons

1.73 Physicians per 10.000 Persons

Health Care Access

SCORE: 0.494

RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

87.08%

BCG Immunization Coverage

5.89% Contraceptive Prevalence

76.10% Time to Health Care (under 30 Minutes)



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 2 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.532



Food System Capacity

Land Area

SCORE: 0.309 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

80.56%

Time to Food Market (under 30 Minutes)

5.9% 204.43 Cultivated

Average Water Production Surplus (thousands m3)



Governance



SCORE: 0.462 **RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED**

54.4%

70.93%

50.53%

Garbage Collection Time to Police Participation (under 30 Minutes)



Environmental Capacity



SCORE: 1.000 RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

208.5

Bird Species Richness (species per sq. km)

27.15% Important Biodiversity Areas



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.553

Ali Sabieh's score and ranking are due to Low Vulnerability combined with Very High Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:



Environmental Stress



Populations of Concern



Food System Capacity



Economic Capacity

PDC Global

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE



Environmental Stress

Environmental stressors such as the depletion or contamination of natural resources can exacerbate natural hazards and negatively impact the health, safety, and economic security of the population.



Populations of Concern

Displaced and nomadic populations have unique barriers in accessing disaster relief and public benefits, and may lack ties, connections, or support systems as a result of conflict or migration. Challenges in understanding legal rights and available services are complicated by language and cultural barriers, rules and regulations, remoteness from services, and a generalized climate of fear. Strengthen community networks and partnerships with national and international NGOs to help focus the delivery of information and support services to vulnerable populations before, during, and after disasters. Ensure that the elderly and those with special needs are included in disaster management related plans.



Food System Capacity

The changing frequency and intensity of disasters can expose the entire food system to supply chain disruptions. Build more resilient and climate-friendly local agricultural systems through training of farmers in sustainable practices (e.g., soil improvement, erosion reduction) and improve efficiencies in food marketing, storage, delivery, and waste management to improve the nutrition and food security of present and future generations.



Economic Capacity

A strong economic foundation provides an indication of a region's ability to absorb economic losses and quickly mobilize financial assets for preparedness, response and recovery activities. Limited economic capacity correlates to disproportionate disaster impacts.



HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)

Drought RANK: 4 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0,164

Earthquake RANK: 3 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.372

Flash Flood
RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000

Landslide RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.131

Sea Level Rise

RANK: 5 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.000

Volcano

RANK: 5/ 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

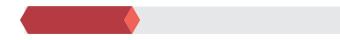
SCORE: 0.000

Wildfire RANK: 5 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.006

10 PDC Global www.pdc.org



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

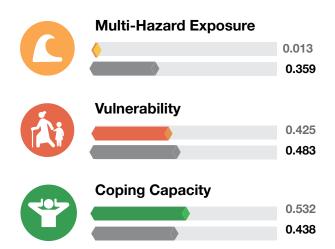


6 / 6
RANK WITHIN REGIONS
Score: 0.302

Ali Sabieh's score and ranking are due to Very Low Multi-hazard Exposure combined with Low Vulnerability and Very High Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:







Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World

1305 N Holopono Street Suite 2, Kihei, HI 9675 3 P: (808) 891-0525 F: (808) 891-0526



@PDC_Global







ndpba.dji@pdc.org



DJIBOUTI ARTA

NDPBA REGIONAL PROFILE



DJIBOUTI ARTA

CAPITAL: ARTA

Area: 1,800 km2



RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - Low

Score: 0.423 • Rank: 5/6



Population (2015 Statistics)

42,380



RESILIENCE (R) - High

Score: 0.530 • Rank: 3/6



Chronic Food Insecurity (Population at Moderate or Higher)

33.4%



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) -

High

Score: 0.330 • Rank: 3/6



Youth Unemployment

75.1%



VULNERABILITY (V) - Moderate

Score:0.433 • Rank: 4/6



Households without Access to Improved Water

60.0%



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - High

Score: 0.492 • Rank: 3/6



Adult Literacy Rate

30.0%

PDC Global www.pdc.org



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 3/6 REGIONS

SCORE: 0.330



MHE 0.330

Raw MHE 0.016

Relative MHE 0.644

ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:



Drought

1%

≗ 550

_



Landslide

31%

4 13,192

\$121 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

0%



Earthquake

100%

42.668

\$217 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

100%



Sea Level Rise

<1%

128

0

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

17%



Flash Flood

61%

26,122

\$56.2 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

50%



Volcano

9%

3,647

\$48.8 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

23%



Wildfire

56.8%

24,267

\$57.4 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

33%



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 4 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.433

SCORE: 0.486 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

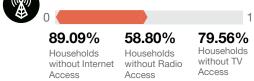
Vulnerability in Arta is primarily driven by Standard of Living and Information Access Vulnerability. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.



Information Access Vulnerability

1 SCORE: 0.651 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



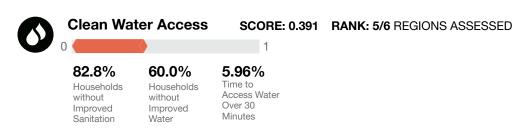




Standard of Living

1 SCORE: 0.699 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

77.7% Electricity Access





l6 PDC Global www.pdc.org



RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.433



Vulnerable Health Status

SCORE: 0.560 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED 4.55% 5.47%

Malnutrition Population Reporting Incidence Malaria



Inequality

SCORE: 0.411 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

0.30

Gini Coefficient



1 SCORE: 0.822 RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

0.79 26.5% Female to Male Women's Secondary Access to Enrollment Microfinance



Food Access Vulnerability

SCORE: 0.528 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



Food Insecurity

SCORE: 0.283 RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

10.23% Food Insecure Households

77.4% Rural Households Receiving Food Aid

33.44% Chronic Food Insecurity



Food Supply Vulnerability

85%

SCORE: 0.773 RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

30% Households

Households Experiencing Impacted by Drought Shock Rising Prices



RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.433



Population Pressures

RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

5.93% Average Annual Population

Growth

75.1% Youth Unemployment



Populations of Concern

SCORE: 0.004

SCORE: 0.187

RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



Migrants and Refugees

1 SCORE: 0.000 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED 41.94%

Stranded Nomadic Refugee Migrants or Special Populations Populations



Other Populations of Concern

SCORE: 0.009 RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

4.54% 7.8% Elderly Disability Population



Recent Disaster Impacts

SCORE: 0.454 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

5.01% Flood Impacts

8.92% Locust Impacts



Environmental Stress

SCORE: 0.400 RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

34.84 Air Quality (ug/

74.29% Groundwater Stress

12.6%

29.91% Land Degradation

Income from Sale of Charcoal or Firewood

PDC Global www.pdc.org



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 3 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.492

Arta exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Food System Capacity and Environmental Capacity. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



Economic Capacity

SCORE: 0.644 RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

46% Labor Force Participation

Ratio

6.98% **CNSS Insured**

49.4% Public Sector Employment

Microfinance Credit



Infrastructure Capacity

SCORE: 0.464 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



Transportation Capacity

RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED 1 SCORE: 0.480

9.46

Distance to Port (km)

14.90% Time to Public

Transport (within 30 mins)

0.28 Road and Rail Density (km per sq. km)



Health Care Capacity

SCORE: 0.449 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

Health Care Infrastructure

SCORE: 0.291

RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

91%

Attended Births

5.7 Hospital Beds per 10,000 Persons

8.0 Nurse and Midwives per 10,000 Persons

0.94 Physicians per 10.000 Persons

Health Care Access

SCORE: 0.606

RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

88.48%

BCG Immunization Coverage

9.22% Contraceptive Prevalence

75.22% Time to Health Care (under 30 Minutes)



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 3 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.492



Food System Capacity

0

SCORE: 0.370 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

84.38% Time to Food Market (under

30 Minutes)

11.8% Cultivated Land Area 230.57 Average Water Production Surplus (thousands m3)



Governance



SCORE: 0.578 RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

49.4%Garbage
Collection

72.34% Time to Police (under 30

67.10%Voter
Participation



Environmental Capacity

Minutes)



SCORE: 0.405 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

199.5

Bird Species Richness (species per sq. km) 1.58%
Important
Biodiversity
Areas



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 3 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.530

Arta's score and ranking are due to Moderate Vulnerability combined with High Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:



Standard of Living



Information Access Vulnerability



Food System Capacity



Environmental Capacity

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE



Standard of Living

Unsound or poorly constructed homes are more susceptible to disaster impacts, as are households lacking basic amenities. Households without easy or adequate access to water distribution and containment systems face significant demands on daily routines that effectively limit their response and recovery capacity and the ability to maintain livelihoods. Increasing access to improved water and sanitation improves health outcomes and frees up resources to decrease further susceptibility to impacts. Expansion of electrical access into remote and underserved communities will increase accessibility to alert and warning information.



Information Access Vulnerability

Limitations in information access can impede a population's ability to receive, understand, and take action. Emergency messages must take into account the unique information access constraints of the region. Emergency messages presented to the population must contain clear and simple information to ensure an appropriate response to save lives and reduce losses.



Food System Capacity

The changing frequency and intensity of disasters can expose the entire food system to supply chain disruptions. Build more resilient and climate-friendly local agricultural systems through training of farmers in sustainable practices (e.g., soil improvement, erosion reduction) and improve efficiencies in food marketing, storage, delivery, and waste management to improve the nutrition and food security of present and future generations.

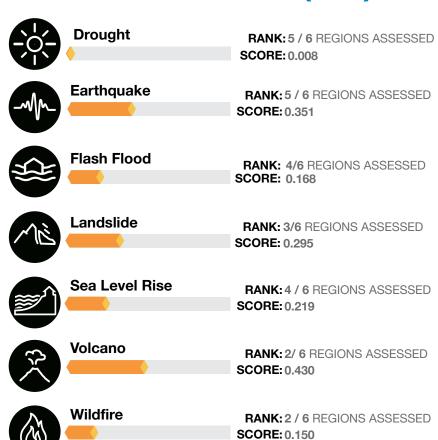


Environmental Capacity

Properly managed environments sustain populations by providing food, water, and even economic benefits from industries such as tourism. Increasing protected areas can also serve as additional buffers between the population and impacted areas.



HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)



22 PDC Global www.pdc.org



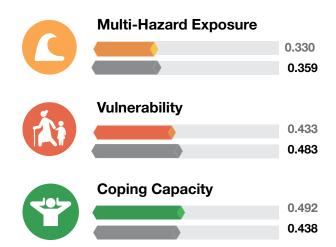
MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)



Arta's score and ranking are due to High Multi-hazard Exposure combined with Moderate Vulnerability and High Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:







Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World

1305 N Holopono Street Suite 2, Kihei, HI 9675 3 P: (808) 891-0525 F: (808) 891-0526



@PDC_Global







ndpba.dji@pdc.org



DJIBOUTI

DIKHIL

NDPBA REGIONAL PROFILE



DIBOUTI DIKHIL

CAPITAL: DIKHIL

Area: 7,200 km2



RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) -

Moderate

Score: 0.442 • Rank: 4/6



Population (2015 Statistics)

88,948



RESILIENCE (R) - Moderate

Score: 0.427 • Rank: 4/6



Chronic Food Insecurity (Population at Moderate or Higher)

39.8%



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) -

Low

Score: 0.181 • Rank: 5/6



Youth Unemployment

73.3%



VULNERABILITY (V) - High

Score:0.553 • Rank: 3/6



Households without Access to Improved Water

73.9%



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - Moderate

Score: 0.406 • Rank: 4/6



Adult Literacy Rate

26.0%

PDC Global www.pdc.org



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 5 / 6 REGIONS

SCORE: 0.181



MHE 0.181

Raw MHE 0.037

Relative MHE 0.324

ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:



Drought

82%

4 74.279

-



Landslide

13%

11,598

\$74 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

0%



Earthquake

100%

\$ 90,762

\$447 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

100%



Sea Level Rise

0%

2 0

0

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

0%



Flash Flood

34%

30,773

\$95.8 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

49%



Volcano

1%

4 955

\$19.6 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

0%



Wildfire

3.2%

2,905

\$51.7 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

0%



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 3 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.553

Vulnerability in Dikhil is primarily driven by Environmental Stress and Vulnerable Health Status. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.



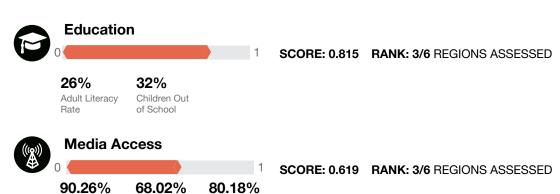
Information Access Vulnerability

Households

Access

without Radio

0 SCORE: 0.721 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



Standard of Living

Households

without Internet

1 SCORE: 0.787 RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

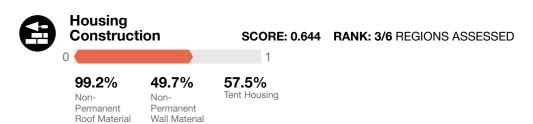
Households

without TV

Access

77.2% Electricity Access





28 PDC Global www.pdc.org



RANK: 3 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.553



Vulnerable Health Status

1 SCORE: 0.836 RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED 7.87% 5.19%

Malnutrition Population Incidence Reporting Malaria



Inequality

1 SCORE: 0.595 RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

0.42

Gini Coefficient





Food Access Vulnerability

1 SCORE: 0.570 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



1 SCORE: 0.672 RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

22.11% Food Insecure Households 80.6% Rural Households Receiving Food Aid 39.79% Chronic Food Insecurity

Food Supply Vulnerability

1

SCORE: 0.467 RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

12% 66% Households Househ

Households Households Experiencing Impacted by Drought Shock Rising Prices



RANK: 3 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.553



Population Pressures

73.3%

SCORE: 0.179 RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

6.22% Average Annual Population

Growth

Youth Unemployment



Populations of Concern

or Special

Populations

SCORE: 0.243

RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



Migrants and Refugees

1 SCORE: 0.434 RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED 46.71% 26% Stranded Nomadic Refugee Migrants

Populations



Other Populations of Concern

SCORE: 0.052 RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

4.61% 7.9% Elderly Disability Population



Recent Disaster Impacts

SCORE: 0.108 RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

0.68% Flood Impacts

3.75% Locust Impacts



30

Environmental Stress

Stress

SCORE: 0.936 RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

35.38 Air Quality (ug/

100.00% Groundwater

18.8% Income from Sale of Charcoal or Firewood

41.10% Land Degradation

PDC Global www.pdc.org



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.406

Dikhil exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Transportation Capacity and Economic Capacity. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



Economic Capacity

SCORE: 0.222 RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

42% Labor Force Participation

Ratio

4.98% **CNSS Insured** 29.7% Public Sector Employment

11% Microfinance Credit



Infrastructure Capacity

SCORE: 0.299 RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



Transportation Capacity

RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED 1 SCORE: 0.149

14.99

Distance to Port (km)

9.46% Time to Public Transport (within 30 mins)

0.08 Road and Rail Density (km per sq. km)



Health Care Capacity

RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.448

Health Care Infrastructure

SCORE: 0.533

RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

98%

Attended Births

10.2 Hospital Beds per 10,000 Persons

6.4 Nurse and Midwives per 10,000 Persons

0.56 Physicians per 10.000 Persons

Health Care Access

SCORE: 0.364 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

89.95%

BCG Immunization Coverage

6.95% Contraceptive Prevalence

58.09% Time to Health Care (under 30 Minutes)



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.406



Food System Capacity

Land Area

0

SCORE: 0.516 RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

65.02%

Time to Food Market (under 30 Minutes) **55.9% 152.86** Average Wa

Average Water Production Surplus (thousands m3)



Governance



SCORE: 0.539 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

36.4%Garbage
Collection

64.29%Time to Police (under 30

Minutes)

78.58%Voter
Participation



Environmental Capacity



SCORE: 0.454 RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

203.0

Bird Species Richness (species per sq. km) **2.07%** Important

Important Biodiversity Areas



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 4 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.427

Dikhil's score and ranking are due to High Vulnerability combined with Moderate Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:



Environmental Stress



Vulnerable Health Status



Transportation Capacity



Economic Capacity

32

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE



Environmental Stress

Environmental stressors such as the depletion or contamination of natural resources can exacerbate natural hazards and negatively impact the health, safety, and economic security of the population.



Vulnerable Health Status

A population with a compromised health status will have a greatly reduced ability to manage short- and long-term disaster outcomes. Improving health is often correlated with decreased susceptibility to injury, disease, and stress associated with disasters. Acute or prolonged vulnerable health status limits the basic capacity of response functions.



Transportation Capacity

Denser and more diverse transportation networks provide more options for bringing outside resources into an impacted area and increase the ability of response stakeholders to access affected populations. Improved transportation capacity supports the ability to distribute resources before, during, and after a disaster.

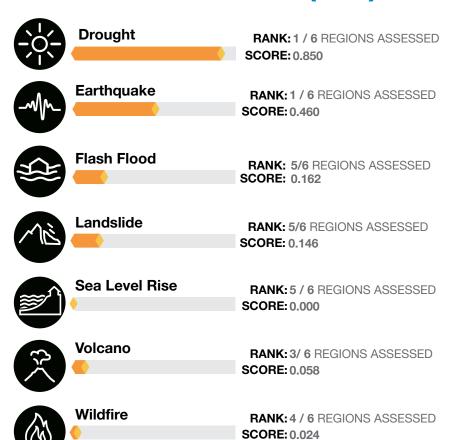


Economic Capacity

A strong economic foundation provides an indication of a region's ability to absorb economic losses and quickly mobilize financial assets for preparedness, response and recovery activities. Limited economic capacity correlates to disproportionate disaster impacts.



HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)



34 PDC Global www.pdc.org



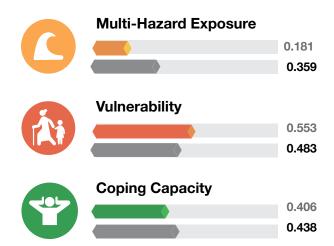
MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

4 / 6
RANK WITHIN REGIONS
Score: 0.442

Dikhil's score and ranking are due to Low Multi-hazard Exposure combined with High Vulnerability and Moderate Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:







Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World

1305 N Holopono Street Suite 2, Kihei, HI 9675 3 P: (808) 891-0525 F: (808) 891-0526



@PDC_Global







ndpba.dji@pdc.org



DJIBOUTI

DJIBOUTI

NDPBA REGIONAL PROFILE



DJIBOUTI DJIBOUTI

CAPITAL: DJIBOUTI CITY

Area: 200 km2



RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - High

Score: 0.529 • Rank: 3/6



Population (2015 Statistics)

475,322



RESILIENCE (R) - Extremely High

Score: 0.707 • Rank: 1/6



Chronic Food Insecurity (Population at Moderate or Higher)

19.1%



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) -

Extremely High

Score: 1.000 • Rank: 1/6



Youth Unemployment

87.5%



VULNERABILITY (V) - Very Low

Score:0.281 • Rank: 6/6



Households without Access to

Improved Water

3.8%



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - Extremely

High

Score: 0.695 • Rank: 1/6



Adult Literacy Rate

59.0%



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 1/6 REGIONS

SCORE: 1.000



MHE 1.000

Raw MHE 1.000

Relative MHE 1.000

ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:



Drought

0%

≗ 0

-



_



Landslide

10%

46,613

0

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

8%



Earthquake

100%

488,788

\$2.98 Billion

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

100%



Sea Level Rise

<1%

1.849

\$4.15 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

13%



Flash Flood

99%

484,481

\$2.98 Billion

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

93%



Volcano

0%

. (

0

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

0%



Wildfire

98.5%

481,246

\$2.98 Billion

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

90%



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 6 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

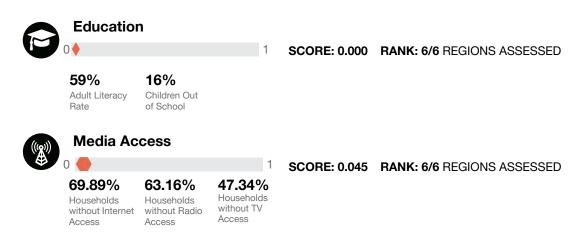
SCORE: 0.281

Vulnerability in Djibouti is primarily driven by Population Pressures and Recent Disaster Impacts. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.



Information Access Vulnerability

O SCORE: 0.021 RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



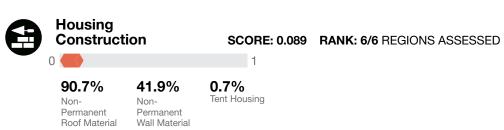


Standard of Living

0 SCORE: 0.030 RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

29.7% Electricity Access







RANK: 6 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.281



Vulnerable Health Status

SCORE: 0.393 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED 4.78% 3.90%

Malnutrition Population Reporting Incidence Malaria



Inequality

SCORE: 0.468 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

0.40

Gini Coefficient



Gender Inequality

1 SCORE: 0.481 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

0.97 36.6% Female to Male Women's Secondary Access to Enrollment Microfinance



Food Access Vulnerability

SCORE: 0.022 RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



Food Insecurity

SCORE: 0.000 RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

8.57%

Food Insecure Rural Households Households Receiving Food Aid

19.12% Chronic Food Insecurity

Food Supply Vulnerability

SCORE: 0.045 RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

0% 24% Households Experiencing Drought Shock

Households Impacted by Rising Prices



RANK: 6 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.281



Population Pressures

87.5%

SCORE: 0.862

RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

Average Annual Population Growth

8.64%

Youth Unemployment



Populations of Concern

Populations

SCORE: 0.070

RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



Migrants and Refugees

SCORE: 0.000 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED 0.96% Stranded Nomadic Refugee Migrants or Special Populations



Other Populations of Concern

SCORE: 0.139 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

4.64% 8.7% Elderly Disability Population



Recent Disaster Impacts

SCORE: 0.665 RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

2.87% 27.04% Flood Impacts Locust Impacts



Environmental Stress

1 SCORE: 0.000 RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

43.35 Air Quality (ug/

0.00% Groundwater Stress

Income from Sale of Charcoal or Firewood

0.86% Land Degradation



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.695

Djibouti exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Environmental Capacity and Food System Capacity. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



Economic Capacity

SCORE: 1.000 RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

47%

Labor Force Participation Ratio

19.29% 53.7% **CNSS Insured**

Public Sector Employment

74% Microfinance Credit



Infrastructure Capacity

SCORE: 0.929 RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

Transportation Capacity

1

SCORE: 1.000

RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

2.69

Distance to Port (km)

15.42% Time to Public Transport (within 30 mins)

5.37 Road and Rail Density (km per sq. km)



Health Care Capacity

SCORE: 0.859 RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

Health Care Infrastructure

SCORE: 0.718

RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

98%

Attended Births

15.6 Hospital Beds per 10,000 Persons

3.9 Nurse and Midwives per 10,000 Persons

1.30 Physicians per 10.000 Persons

Health Care Access

SCORE: 1.000

RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

97.11%

BCG Immunization Coverage

16.18% Contraceptive Prevalence

76.26% Time to Health Care (under 30 Minutes)



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.695



Food System Capacity

16.4%

0

SCORE: 0.758 RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

90.22%

Time to Food Cultivated Market (under 30 Minutes)

3,991.00 Average Water Production Surplus (thousands m3)



Governance



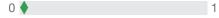
SCORE: 0.787 RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

89.3%Garbage
Collection

71.21% Time to Police (under 30 Minutes) **66.46%**Voter
Participation



Environmental Capacity



SCORE: 0.000 RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

165.8

Bird Species Richness (species per sq. km) 1.06%
Important
Biodiversity
Areas



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 1 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.707

Djibouti's score and ranking are due to Very Low Vulnerability combined with Extremely High Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:



Population Pressures



Recent Disaster Impacts



Environmental Capacity



Food System Capacity

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE



Population Pressures

Rapid changes in population size and distribution can alter population vulnerability characteristics presenting planning challenges and destabilizing social, economic, and environmental systems. Increased population pressures require disaster managers to realign needs, institutional structures, and available resources to support delivery of basic resources before, during, and after an event.



Recent Disaster Impacts

Communities that have recently been affected by a disaster may still be recovering and therefore be more susceptible to additional stressors. A recent disaster experience can leave direct and indirect impacts on the physical and mental health of a population, and disrupt economies, investments, and households. The long-term recovery of an area can be hampered by funding constraints, lack of materials and labor, and local or national laws that inhibit quick advances. Pre-disaster planning for post-disaster recovery and promoting adaptation strategies for long-term disaster recovery can help communities cope with repeated events and avoid lingering post-disaster consequences



Environmental Capacity

Properly managed environments sustain populations by providing food, water, and even economic benefits from industries such as tourism. Increasing protected areas can also serve as additional buffers between the population and impacted areas.



Food System Capacity

The changing frequency and intensity of disasters can expose the entire food system to supply chain disruptions. Build more resilient and climate-friendly local agricultural systems through training of farmers in sustainable practices (e.g., soil improvement, erosion reduction) and improve efficiencies in food marketing, storage, delivery, and waste management to improve the nutrition and food security of present and future generations.



HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)

Drought RANK: 6 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0,000 **Earthquake** RANK: 2 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.434 Flash Flood **RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED** SCORE: 0.431 Landslide **RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED** SCORE: 0.163 Sea Level Rise RANK: 3 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.306 Volcano RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000

Wildfire RANK: 1 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.434



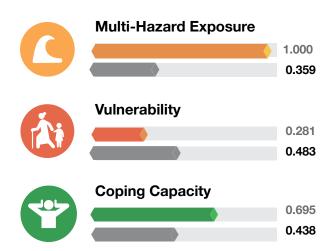
MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

3 / 6
RANK WITHIN REGIONS
Score: 0.529

Djibouti's score and ranking are due to Extremely High Multi-hazard Exposure combined with Very Low Vulnerability and Extremely High Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:







Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World

1305 N Holopono Street Suite 2, Kihei, HI 9675 3 P: (808) 891-0525 F: (808) 891-0526



@PDC_Global







ndpba.dji@pdc.org



OBOCK

NDPBA REGIONAL PROFILE



DJIBOUTI OBOCK

CAPITAL: OBOCK

Area: 4,700 km2



RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - Very

High

Score: 0.543 • Rank: 2/6



Population (2015 Statistics)

37,856



RESILIENCE (R) - Very Low

Score: 0.323 • Rank: 6/6



Chronic Food Insecurity (Population at Moderate or Higher)

56.0%



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) -

Moderate

Score: 0.275 • Rank: 4/6



Youth Unemployment

84.2%



VULNERABILITY (V) - Extremely

High

Score:0.616 • Rank: 1/6



Households without Access to Improved Water

70.1%



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - Low

Score: 0.263 • Rank: 5/6



Adult Literacy Rate

23.0%



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 4/6 REGIONS

SCORE: 0.275



MHE 0.275

Raw MHE 0.007

Relative MHE 0.543

ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:



Drought

36%

△ 17.145

-



Landslide

19%

\$ 9,087

\$58.1 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

7%



Earthquake

90%

42.427

\$147 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

89%



Sea Level Rise

1%

407

\$1.37 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

20%



Flash Flood

91%

42,995

\$139 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

97%



Volcand

<1%

4 69

0

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

0%



Wildfire

0%

. (

Λ

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

0%



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 1 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

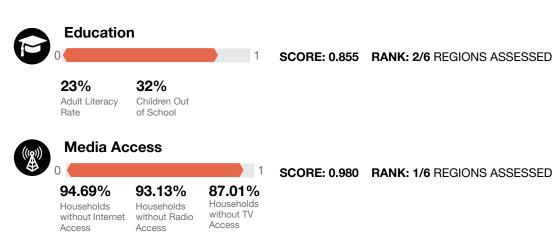
SCORE: 0.616

Vulnerability in Obock is primarily driven by Vulnerable Health Status and Standard of Living. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.



Information Access Vulnerability

0 SCORE: 0.919 RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED





Standard of Living

1 SCORE: 0.934 RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

79.1%Electricity
Access







RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.616



Vulnerable Health Status

SCORE: 1.000 RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED 8.68% 5.92%

Malnutrition Population Reporting Incidence Malaria



Inequality

SCORE: 0.182 RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

0.38

Gini Coefficient



Gender Inequality

1 SCORE: 0.000 RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

53.2% 1.17 Female to Male Women's Access to

Secondary Enrollment Microfinance



Food Access Vulnerability

SCORE: 0.574 RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



Food Insecurity

SCORE: 0.422 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

12.17% Food Insecure Households

68.2% Rural Households Receiving Food Aid

56.00% Chronic Food Insecurity



Food Supply Vulnerability

SCORE: 0.725 RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

33% 75%

Households Households Experiencing Impacted by Drought Shock Rising Prices



RANK: 1 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.616



Population Pressures

1 SCORE: 0.424

RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



Populations of Concern

84.2%

Unemployment

Youth

1 SCORE: 0.559 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



5.97%

Population

Growth

Average Annual

Migrants and Refugees

1 SCORE: 0.483 RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED
43.24% 4.09% 36%
Nomadic Refugee Stranded

Nomadic Refugee Stranded or Special Populations Migrants



Other Populations of Concern

1 SCORE: 0.635 RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

5.44% 10.0% Elderly Population Disability



Recent Disaster Impacts

1 SCORE: 0.500 RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

8.68% 0.00% Flood Impacts Locust Impacts



Environmental Stress

1 SCORE: 0.457 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

39.57Air Quality (ug/

98.28%Groundwater Stress

12.4% Income from Sale of Charcoal or Firewood 23.15% Land Degradation



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 5 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.263

Obock exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Food System Capacity and Transportation Capacity. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



Economic Capacity

1 SCORE: 0.276 RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

30%

Labor Force Participation Ratio 9.03%

CNSS Insured

45.4%Public Sector Employment

3% Microfinance Credit



Infrastructure Capacity

1 SCORE: 0.431 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



Transportation Capacity

1 SCORE: 0.247

6.01Distance to Port (km)

4.61%Time to Public Transport (within 30 mins)

0.14Road and Rail Density (km per sq. km)



Health Care Capacity

1 SCOI

SCORE: 0.614 RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

Health Care Infrastructure

97% 13.7
Attended Births Hospita

Hospital Beds per 10,000 Persons 10.0 Nurse and Midwives per 10,000

Persons

1.58 Physicians per 10,000 Persons

SCORE: 0.892

Health Care Access

Access SCORE: 0.337

93.32% BCG Immunization Coverage **7.27%**Contraceptive Prevalence

49.24% Time to Health Care (under 30 Minutes)



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 5 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.263



Food System Capacity

0 🌢

SCORE: 0.000 RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

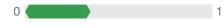
35.33% Time to Food Market (under

30 Minutes)

1.4% Cultivated Land Area 129.43 Average Water Production Surplus (thousands m3)



Governance



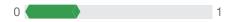
SCORE: 0.333 RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

29.5% Garbage Collection 27.73% Time to Police

(under 30 Minutes) 91.73% Voter Participation



Environmental Capacity



SCORE: 0.273 RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

183.3

Bird Species Richness (species per sq. km) 4.56% Important Biodiversity Areas



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 6 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.323

Obock's score and ranking are due to Extremely High Vulnerability combined with Low Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:



Vulnerable Health Status



Standard of Living



Food System Capacity



Transportation Capacity

5 PDC Global

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE



Vulnerable Health Status

A population with a compromised health status will have a greatly reduced ability to manage short- and long-term disaster outcomes. Improving health is often correlated with decreased susceptibility to injury, disease, and stress associated with disasters. Acute or prolonged vulnerable health status limits the basic capacity of response functions.



Standard of Living

Unsound or poorly constructed homes are more susceptible to disaster impacts, as are households lacking basic amenities. Households without easy or adequate access to water distribution and containment systems face significant demands on daily routines that effectively limit their response and recovery capacity and the ability to maintain livelihoods. Increasing access to improved water and sanitation improves health outcomes and frees up resources to decrease further susceptibility to impacts. Expansion of electrical access into remote and underserved communities will increase accessibility to alert and warning information.



Food System Capacity

The changing frequency and intensity of disasters can expose the entire food system to supply chain disruptions. Build more resilient and climate-friendly local agricultural systems through training of farmers in sustainable practices (e.g., soil improvement, erosion reduction) and improve efficiencies in food marketing, storage, delivery, and waste management to improve the nutrition and food security of present and future generations.



Transportation Capacity

Denser and more diverse transportation networks provide more options for bringing outside resources into an impacted area and increase the ability of response stakeholders to access affected populations. Improved transportation capacity supports the ability to distribute resources before, during, and after a disaster.



HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)

Drought RANK: 3 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.332

Earthquake RANK: 6 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000

Flash Flood

RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.490

Landslide RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.314

Sea Level Rise

RANK: 1 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.638

Volcano

RANK: 4/ 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.001

Wildfire RANK: 6 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000



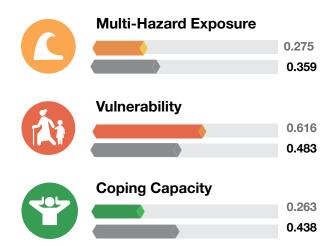
MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

2 / 6
RANK WITHIN REGIONS
Score: 0.543

Obock's score and ranking are due to Moderate Multi-hazard Exposure combined with Extremely High Vulnerability and Low Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:







Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World

1305 N Holopono Street Suite 2, Kihei, HI 9675 3 P: (808) 891-0525 F: (808) 891-0526



@PDC_Global







ndpba.dji@pdc.org



DJIBOUTI TADJOURAH

NDPBA REGIONAL PROFILE



DJIBOUTI TADJOURAH

CAPITAL: TADJOURAH CITY

Area: 7,100 km2



RISK AND VULNERABILITY COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) -

Extremely High

Score: 0.568 • Rank: 1/6



Population (2015 Statistics)

86,704



RESILIENCE (R) - Low

Score: 0.325 • Rank: 5/6



Chronic Food Insecurity (Population at Moderate or Higher)

40.0%



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) -

Very High

Score: 0.354 • Rank: 2/6



Youth Unemployment

92.9%



VULNERABILITY (V) - Very High

Score:0.590 • Rank: 2/6



Households without Access to Improved Water

78.5%



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - Very Low

Score: 0.239 • Rank: 6/6



Adult Literacy Rate

21.0%



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 2/6 REGIONS

SCORE: 0.354



MHE 0.354

Raw MHE 0.105

Relative MHE 0.602

ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:



Drought

25%

28.361

-

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

_



Landslide

53%

\$ 59,004

\$114 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

15%



Earthquake

99%

109.814

\$382 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

99%



Sea Level Rise

0%

344

\$830,000

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

17%



Flash Flood

51%

\$ 56,936

\$235 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

75%



Volcano

23%

25,500

\$116 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

2%



Wildfire

4.6%

5,123

\$100 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

3%



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.590

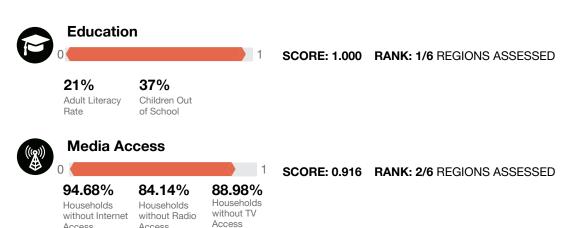
Vulnerability in Tadjourah is primarily driven by Information Access Vulnerability and Population Pressures. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.



Information Access Vulnerability

Access

SCORE: 0.956 RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



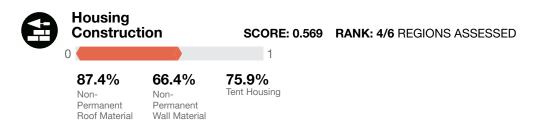


Standard of Living

1 SCORE: 0.778 **RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED**

78.1% Electricity Access







RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.590



Vulnerable Health Status

0 ♦ SCORE: 0.000 RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

3.34%
Malnutrition
Incidence

1.75%
Population
Reporting
Malaria



Inequality

1 SCORE: 0.672 RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

0.52

Gini Coefficient



Gender Inequality

1 SCORE: 0.345 RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

0.90

Female to Male Secondary Enrollment 47.0%
Women's
Access to
Microfinance



Food Access Vulnerability

1 SCORE: 0.642 RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



Food Insecurity

SCORE: 0.780 RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

19.04% Food Insecure Households

Rural Households Receiving Food Aid

95.4%

40.00% Chronic Food Insecurity



Food Supply Vulnerability

1 0

SCORE: 0.504 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

48%

Households Experiencing Drought Shock Households Impacted by Rising Prices

27%



RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.590



Population Pressures

7.16%

Population

Growth

Average Annual

SCORE: 0.804

RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

Populations of Concern

92.9%

Unemployment

Youth

RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.595



Migrants and Refugees

1 SCORE: 0.690 RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED 55.82% 23%

Stranded Nomadic Refugee Migrants or Special Populations Populations



Other Populations of Concern

SCORE: 0.500 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

5.59% 7.7% Elderly Disability Population



Recent Disaster Impacts

SCORE: 0.060 RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

0.00% 3.26% Flood Impacts Locust Impacts



66

Environmental Stress

SCORE: 0.801 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

36.42 Air Quality (ug/

99.80% Groundwater Stress

15.7% Income from Sale of Charcoal or Firewood

44.40% Land Degradation



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 6 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.239

Tadjourah exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Transportation Capacity and Food System Capacity. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



Economic Capacity

1 SCORE: 0.279 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

27%

Labor Force Participation Ratio **6.63%**CNSS Insured

52.9%Public Sector Employment

4% Microfinance Credit

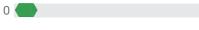


Infrastructure Capacity

1 SCORE: 0.169 RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



Transportation Capacity



1 SCORE: 0.085 RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

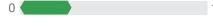
12.53Distance to Port (km)

4.98%Time to Public Transport (within 30 mins)

0.2 Road and Rail Density (km per sq. km)



Health Care Capacity



SCORE: 0.252 RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

Health Care Infrastructure

SCORE: 0.443

RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

98%

Attended Births

9.3
Hospital Beds per 10,000
Persons

5.5 Nurse and Midwives per 10,000 Persons 0.35 Physicians per 10,000 Persons

Health Care Access

SCORE: 0.062

RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

81.79%

BCG Immunization Coverage **4.17%**Contraceptive Prevalence

54.28%Time to Health Care (under 30 Minutes)



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 6 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.239



Food System Capacity

SCORE: 0.122 **RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED**

46.79% Time to Food Market (under

30 Minutes)

8.6% Cultivated Land Area

223.86 Average Water Production Surplus (thousands m3)



Governance



SCORE: 0.267 RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

29.7%

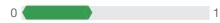
29.60%

81.62%

Garbage Collection Time to Police Participation (under 30 Minutes)



Environmental Capacity



SCORE: 0.361 **RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED**

190.5

Bird Species Richness (species per sq. km)

4.83% Important Biodiversity Areas



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 5 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.325

Tadjourah's score and ranking are due to Very High Vulnerability combined with Very Low Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:



Information Access Vulnerability



Population Pressures



Transportation Capacity



Food System Capacity

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE



Information Access Vulnerability

Limitations in information access can impede a population's ability to receive, understand, and take action. Emergency messages must take into account the unique information access constraints of the region. Emergency messages presented to the population must contain clear and simple information to ensure an appropriate response to save lives and reduce losses.



Population Pressures

Rapid changes in population size and distribution can alter population vulnerability characteristics presenting planning challenges and destabilizing social, economic, and environmental systems. Increased population pressures require disaster managers to realign needs, institutional structures, and available resources to support delivery of basic resources before, during, and after an event.



Transportation Capacity

Denser and more diverse transportation networks provide more options for bringing outside resources into an impacted area and increase the ability of response stakeholders to access affected populations. Improved transportation capacity supports the ability to distribute resources before, during, and after a disaster.

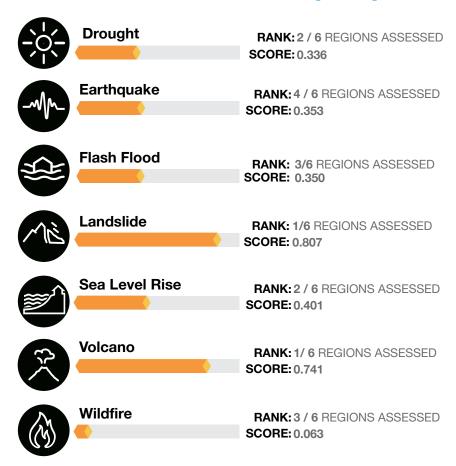


Food System Capacity

The changing frequency and intensity of disasters can expose the entire food system to supply chain disruptions. Build more resilient and climate-friendly local agricultural systems through training of farmers in sustainable practices (e.g., soil improvement, erosion reduction) and improve efficiencies in food marketing, storage, delivery, and waste management to improve the nutrition and food security of present and future generations.



HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)





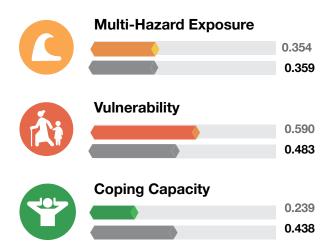
MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

1 / 6
RANK WITHIN REGIONS
Score: 0.568

Tadjourah's score and ranking are due to Very High Multi-hazard Exposure combined with Very High Vulnerability and Very Low Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:







Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World

1305 N Holopono Street Suite 2, Kihei, HI 9675 3 P: (808) 891-0525 F: (808) 891-0526



@PDC_Global







ndpba.dji@pdc.org

NDPBA REGIONAL PROFILE



CAPITAL:

Area:

RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) -

Score: • Rank: /





RESILIENCE (R)-

Score: • Rank: /





MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) -

Score: • Rank: /





VULNERABILITY (V) -

Score: • Rank: /





COPING CAPACITY (CC) -

Score: • Rank: /



www.pdc.org

74 PDC Global



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

MHE

Raw MHE

Relative MHE

RANK: / SCORE:

ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:





Critical Infrastructure Exposed:



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

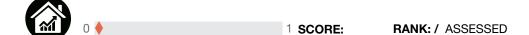
Vulnerability in is primarily driven by and . The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.



0 SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED













SCORE:





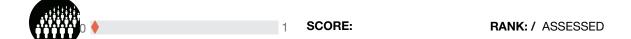




0 ♦ 1 SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED



SCORE:















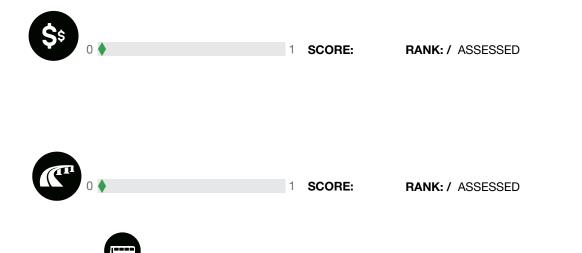
COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: / ASSESSED

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of and . The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.





SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED



SCORE:



0 🌢

SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



0 • 1

SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



0

1

SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

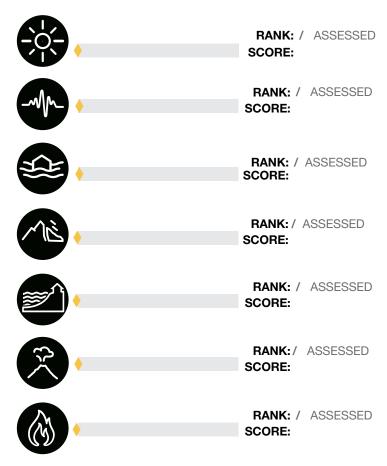
's score and ranking are due to Vulnerability combined with Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE

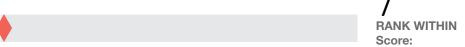


HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)





MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)



's score and ranking are due to Multi-hazard Exposure combined with Vulnerability and Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:







Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World

1305 N Holopono Street Suite 2, Kihei, HI 9675 3 P: (808) 891-0525 F: (808) 891-0526



@PDC_Global







ndpba.dji@pdc.org

NDPBA REGIONAL PROFILE



CAPITAL:

Area:

RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) -

Score: • Rank: /





RESILIENCE (R)-

Score: • Rank: /





MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) -

Score: • Rank: /





VULNERABILITY (V) -

Score: • Rank: /





COPING CAPACITY (CC) -

Score: • Rank: /



86 PDC Global



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

MHE

Raw MHE

Relative MHE

RANK: / SCORE:

ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:





Critical Infrastructure Exposed:



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

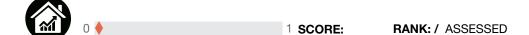
Vulnerability in is primarily driven by and . The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.



0 SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED













SCORE:









1 SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED



SCORE:













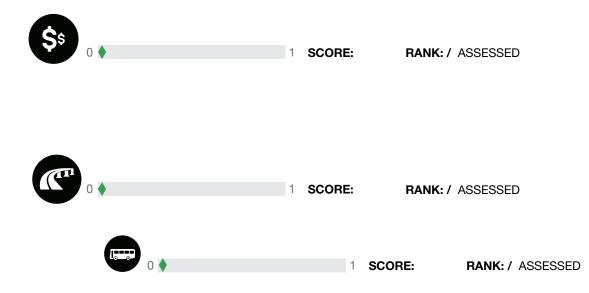


COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of and . The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



1 SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED



SCORE:



SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

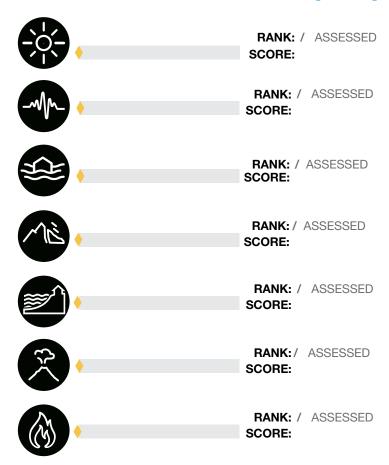
's score and ranking are due to Vulnerability combined with Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE

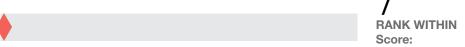


HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)





MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)



's score and ranking are due to Multi-hazard Exposure combined with Vulnerability and Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:







Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World

1305 N Holopono Street Suite 2, Kihei, HI 9675 3 P: (808) 891-0525 F: (808) 891-0526



@PDC_Global







ndpba.dji@pdc.org

NDPBA REGIONAL PROFILE



CAPITAL:

Area:

RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) -

Score: • Rank: /





RESILIENCE (R)-

Score: • Rank: /





MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) -

Score: • Rank: /





VULNERABILITY (V) -

Score: • Rank: /





COPING CAPACITY (CC) -

Score: • Rank: /



www.pdc.org

PDC Global



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

MHE

Raw MHE

Relative MHE

RANK: / SCORE:

ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:





Critical Infrastructure Exposed:



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

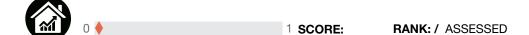
Vulnerability in is primarily driven by and . The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.



0 SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED











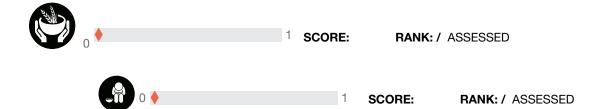


SCORE:









0 ♦ 1 SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED



SCORE:













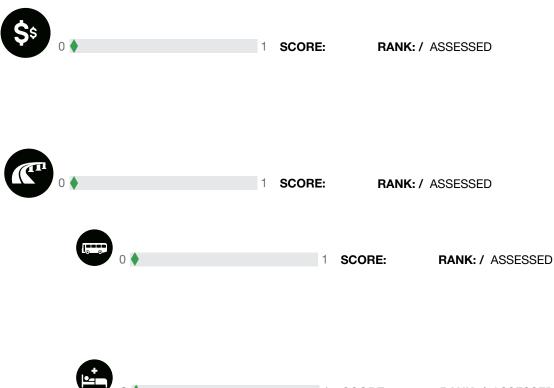


COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of and . The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED



SCORE:



0 •

SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



0 •

SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



0

SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

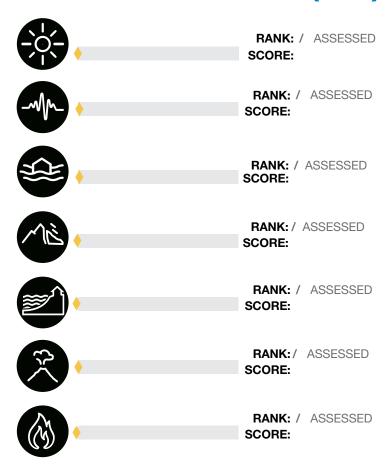
's score and ranking are due to Vulnerability combined with Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE

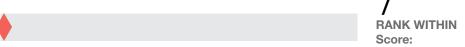


HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)





MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)



's score and ranking are due to Multi-hazard Exposure combined with Vulnerability and Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:







Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World

1305 N Holopono Street Suite 2, Kihei, HI 9675 3 P: (808) 891-0525 F: (808) 891-0526



@PDC_Global







ndpba.dji@pdc.org

NDPBA REGIONAL PROFILE



CAPITAL:

Area:

RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) -

Score: • Rank: /





RESILIENCE (R)-

Score: • Rank: /





MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) -

Score: • Rank: /





VULNERABILITY (V) -

Score: • Rank: /





COPING CAPACITY (CC) -

Score: • Rank: /





MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

MHE

Raw MHE

Relative MHE

RANK: / SCORE:

ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:





Critical Infrastructure Exposed:



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

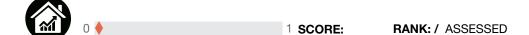
Vulnerability in is primarily driven by and . The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.



0 SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED













SCORE:









0 ♦ 1 SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED



SCORE:













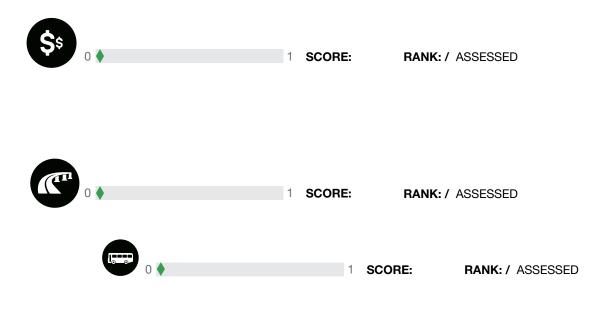


COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of and . The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



1 SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED



SCORE:



0 •

SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



0 • 1

SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



0 ♦

SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

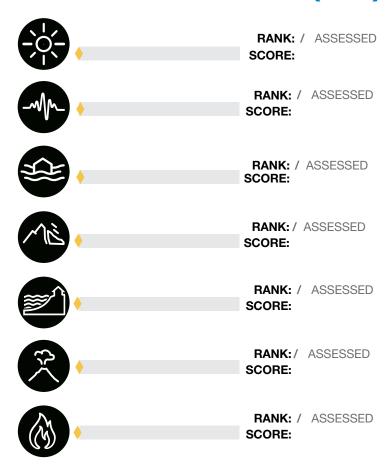
's score and ranking are due to Vulnerability combined with Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE

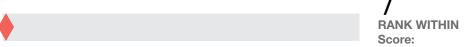


HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)





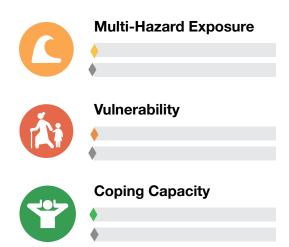
MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)



's score and ranking are due to Multi-hazard Exposure combined with Vulnerability and Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:







Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World

1305 N Holopono Street Suite 2, Kihei, HI 9675 3 P: (808) 891-0525 F: (808) 891-0526



@PDC_Global







ndpba.dji@pdc.org

NDPBA REGIONAL PROFILE



CAPITAL:

Area:

RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) -

Score: • Rank: /





RESILIENCE (R)-

Score: • Rank: /





MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) -

Score: • Rank: /





VULNERABILITY (V) -

Score: • Rank: /





COPING CAPACITY (CC) -

Score: • Rank: /





MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

MHE

Raw MHE

Relative MHE

RANK: / SCORE:

ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:





Critical Infrastructure Exposed:



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

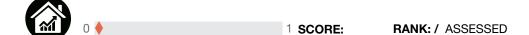
Vulnerability in is primarily driven by and . The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.



0 SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED









```
SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED
```



SCORE:









1 SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED



SCORE:













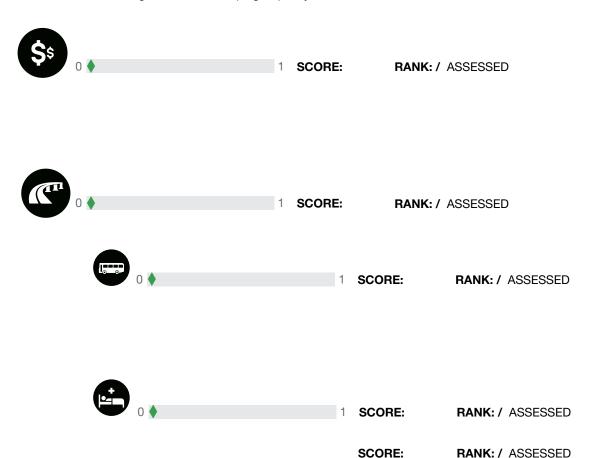


COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of and . The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED



SCORE:



0 •

SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



0 • 1

SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



0 •

SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

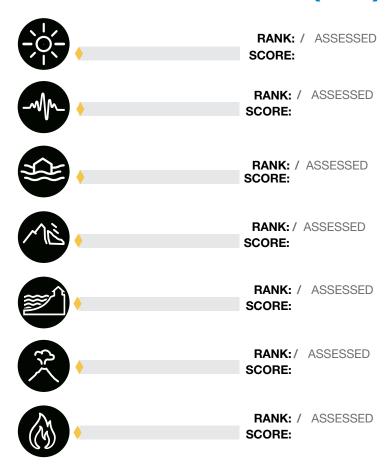
's score and ranking are due to Vulnerability combined with Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE

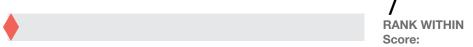


HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)





MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)



's score and ranking are due to Multi-hazard Exposure combined with Vulnerability and Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:







Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World

1305 N Holopono Street Suite 2, Kihei, HI 9675 3 P: (808) 891-0525 F: (808) 891-0526



@PDC_Global







ndpba.dji@pdc.org

NDPBA REGIONAL PROFILE



CAPITAL:

Area:

RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) -

Score: • Rank: /





RESILIENCE (R)-

Score: • Rank: /





MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) -

Score: • Rank: /





VULNERABILITY (V) -

Score: • Rank: /





COPING CAPACITY (CC) -

Score: • Rank: /





MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

MHE

Raw MHE

Relative MHE

RANK: / SCORE:

ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:





Critical Infrastructure Exposed:



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

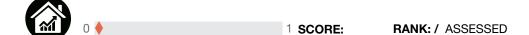
Vulnerability in is primarily driven by and . The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.



0 SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED













SCORE:









1 SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED



SCORE:













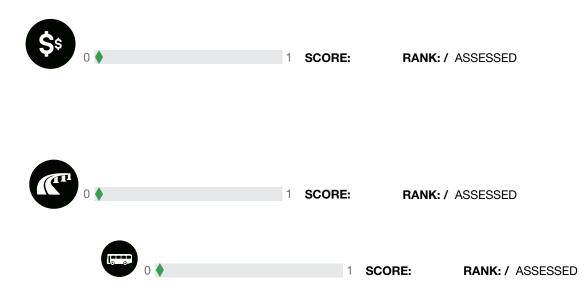


COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of and . The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



1 SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED



SCORE:



0 🌢

SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



0 •

SCORE:

SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



0

1

RANK: / ASSESSED



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

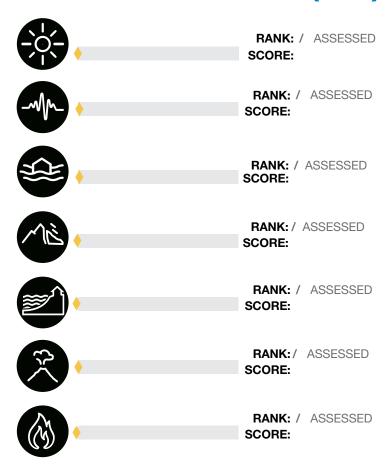
's score and ranking are due to Vulnerability combined with Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE

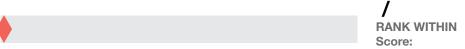


HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)





MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)



's score and ranking are due to Multi-hazard Exposure combined with Vulnerability and Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:







Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World

1305 N Holopono Street Suite 2, Kihei, HI 9675 3 P: (808) 891-0525 F: (808) 891-0526



@PDC_Global







ndpba.dji@pdc.org

NDPBA REGIONAL PROFILE



CAPITAL:

Area:

RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) -

Score: • Rank: /





RESILIENCE (R)-

Score: • Rank: /





MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) -

Score: • Rank: /





VULNERABILITY (V) -

Score: • Rank: /





COPING CAPACITY (CC) -

Score: • Rank: /





MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

MHE

Raw MHE

Relative MHE

RANK: / SCORE:

ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:





Critical Infrastructure Exposed:



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

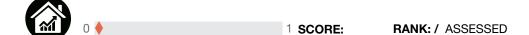
Vulnerability in is primarily driven by and . The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.



0 SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED













SCORE:









0 ♦ 1 SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED



SCORE:













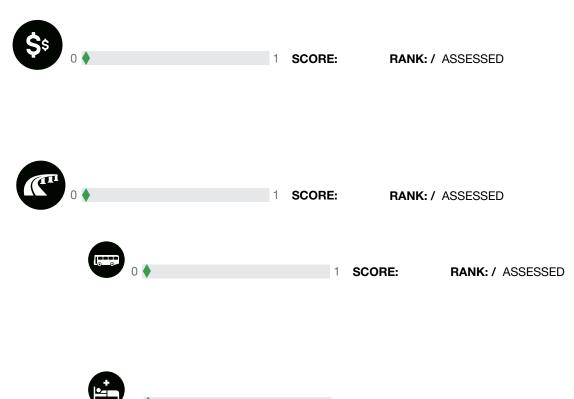


COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of and . The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED



SCORE:



0 •

SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



0 • 1

SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



0

1

SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

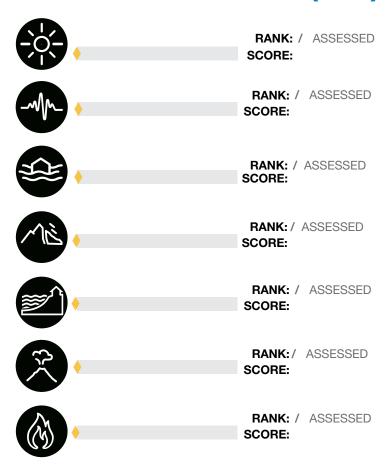
's score and ranking are due to Vulnerability combined with Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE

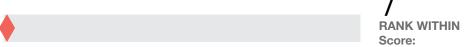


HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)





MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)



's score and ranking are due to Multi-hazard Exposure combined with Vulnerability and Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:







Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World

1305 N Holopono Street Suite 2, Kihei, HI 9675 3 P: (808) 891-0525 F: (808) 891-0526



@PDC_Global







ndpba.dji@pdc.org

NDPBA REGIONAL PROFILE



CAPITAL:

Area:

RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) -

Score: • Rank: /





RESILIENCE (R)-

Score: • Rank: /





MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) -

Score: • Rank: /





VULNERABILITY (V) -

Score: • Rank: /





COPING CAPACITY (CC) -

Score: • Rank: /





MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

MHE

Raw MHE

Relative MHE

RANK: / SCORE:

ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:









Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:





Critical Infrastructure Exposed:



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

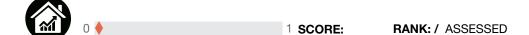
Vulnerability in is primarily driven by and . The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.



0 SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED











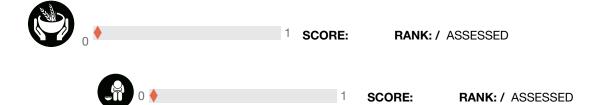


SCORE:









0 No Score: RANK: / ASSESSED



SCORE:













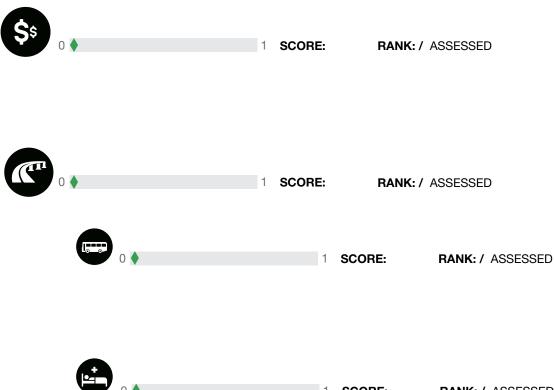


COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of and . The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



SCORE: **RANK: / ASSESSED**

SCORE: **RANK: / ASSESSED**

SCORE: RANK: / ASSESSED



SCORE:



SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



SCORE:

RANK: / ASSESSED



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: / ASSESSED

SCORE:

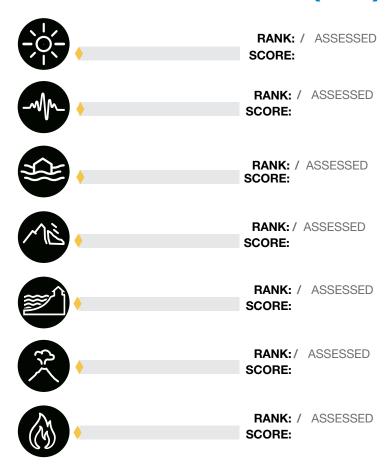
's score and ranking are due to Vulnerability combined with Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE

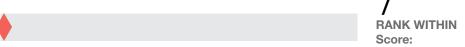


HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)





MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)



's score and ranking are due to Multi-hazard Exposure combined with Vulnerability and Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:







Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World

1305 N Holopono Street Suite 2, Kihei, HI 9675 3 P: (808) 891-0525 F: (808) 891-0526



@PDC_Global







ndpba.dji@pdc.org