

MADAGASCAR

# **BONGOLAVA**

# **NDPBA REGION PROFILE**



#### **MADAGASCAR**

#### **REGION: BONGOLAVA**



# RISK AND VULNERABILITY COMPONENT SCORES



#### **MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) -**

Low

Score: 0.396 • Rank: 18/23



#### **RESILIENCE (R)-**

Low

Score: 0.409 • Rank: 14/23



#### **MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) -**

**Very Low** 

Score: 0.005 • Rank: 23/23



#### **VULNERABILITY (V) -**

Low

Score: 0.456 • Rank: 14/23



#### **COPING CAPACITY (CC) -**

**Very Low** 

Score: 0.274 • Rank: 20/23

#### **REGION HIGHLIGHTS**



Population (2018 Census)

670,993



**Extreme Poverty Rate** 

71.0%



**Household Access to Drinking** 

Water

51.2%



**Literacy Rate** 

86.0%



**Household Access to Electricity** 

51.2%



#### **MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)**

RANK: 23 / 23 REGIONS

**SCORE: 0.005** 

**MHE** 0.005

**Raw MHE** 0.009

**Relative MHE** 

#### **ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:**



Sea Level Rise



Buildings Exposed: 0%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 0%



Landslide



Buildings Exposed: 10%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 8%



**Coastal Flooding** 



**2** 0% (0)

Buildings Exposed: 0%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 0%



**Extreme Heat** 



Buildings Exposed: 0%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 0%



Riverine Flooding



**3%** (3,970)

Buildings Exposed: <1%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 1%



Wildfire



Buildings Exposed: <1%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 1%



Tsunami



**2** 0% (0)

Buildings Exposed: 0%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 0%



Malaria



(2,460)

Buildings Exposed: 2%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 1%



**Tropical Cyclone Wind** 

**100%** (138,000)

Buildings Exposed: 100%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 100%



Locust

Cropland Exposed: 100%



Earthquake



**2** 0% (0)

Buildings Exposed: 0%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 0%

NOTE: Population exposure values are estimated using PDC's All-hazard Impact Model (AIM). Values may differ from Census population.

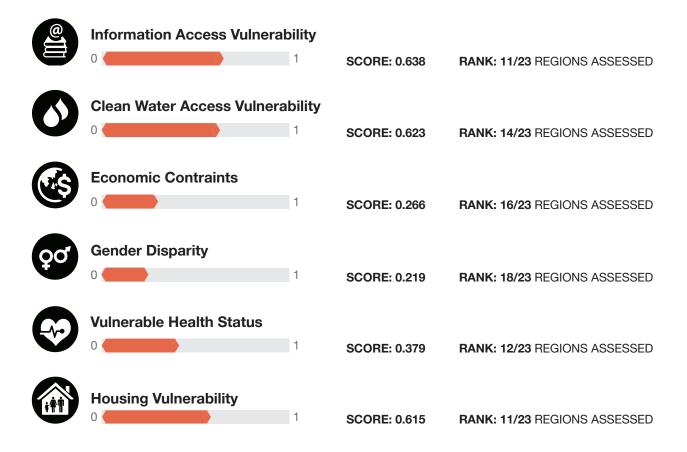


# **VULNERABILITY (V)**

**RANK: 14 / 23 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

**SCORE: 0.456** 

Below is a summary of the regional Vulnerability Assessment within Bongolava. Detailed region-level results, including all indicators used to assess vulnerability, are available in DisasterAWARE.



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**RANK: 14 / 23 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

**SCORE: 0.456** 

#### **KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING VULNERABILITY**



## **Information Access Vulnerability**

The ability to understand hazard and disaster-related information before, during, and after an event is central to acting on that information. If information channels and formats are limited, the groups and individuals exposed to information inclusive of mitigation options, preparedness measures, available resources, and impending hazard events, will likewise be limited. Information access enables the building and diversification of exposed populations' critical skill sets both before and after disasters strike.



# **Clean Water Access Vulnerability**

Those without easy or adequate access to water distribution and containment systems face significant demands on daily routines that effectively limit their response and recovery capacity and the ability to maintain livelihoods. Increasing access to improved water and sanitation improves health outcomes and frees up resources to decrease further susceptibility to impacts.

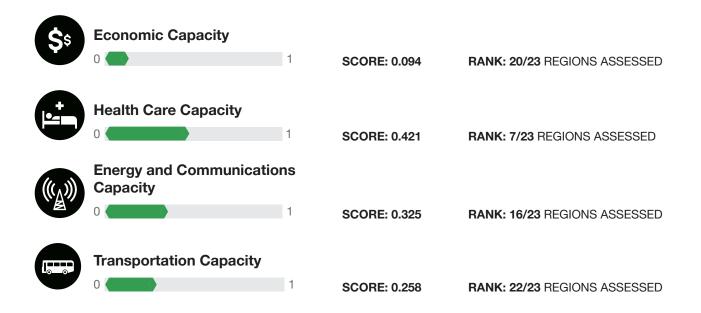


# **COPING CAPACITY (CC)**

**RANK: 20 / 23 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

**SCORE: 0.274** 

Below is a summary of the regional Coping Capacity Assessment within Bongolava. Detailed region-level results, including all indicators used to assess coping capacity, are available in DisasterAWARE.



#### **KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING COPING CAPACITY**



## **Economic Capacity**

A strong economic foundation provides an indication of a region's ability to absorb economic losses and quickly mobilize financial assets for preparedness, response and recovery activities. Limited economic capacity correlates to disproportionate disaster impacts.



# **Transportation Capacity**

Transportation Capacity represents the ability to ensure efficient movement and delivery of resources key to effective humanitarian assistance and disaster relief operations, including the provision of health services.

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**RANK: 14 / 23 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

**SCORE: 0.409** 

Key drivers of Resilience within Bongolava are summarized below. Detailed region-level results for the RVA are available in DisasterAWARE.

#### **KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE**



# **Economic Capacity**

A strong economic foundation provides an indication of a region's ability to absorb economic losses and quickly mobilize financial assets for preparedness, response and recovery activities. Limited economic capacity correlates to disproportionate disaster impacts.



## **Transportation Capacity**

Transportation Capacity represents the ability to ensure efficient movement and delivery of resources key to effective humanitarian assistance and disaster relief operations, including the provision of health services.



# **Energy and Communications Capacity**

Homes, businesses, industry, and government all rely on access to energy resources and communications for continuity of daily activities. Expanding, strengthening, and securing the energy network and increasing the availability of internet services will contribute to economic development, facilitate effective and coordinated communication, and increase the speed of recovery processes in the aftermath of a disaster.



# **Information Access Vulnerability**

The ability to understand hazard and disaster-related information before, during, and after an event is central to acting on that information. If information channels and formats are limited, the groups and individuals exposed to information inclusive of mitigation options, preparedness measures, available resources, and impending hazard events, will likewise be limited. Information access enables the building and diversification of exposed populations' critical skill sets both before and after disasters strike.



# **HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)**

	Sea Level Rise	RANK: 15 / 23 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000
	Coastal Flooding	RANK: 15 / 23 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000
	Riverine Flooding	RANK: 20 / 23 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.099
(G	Tsunami •	RANK: 15 / 23 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000
	Tropical Cyclone Wind	RANK: 12 / 23 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.634
	Earthquake ♦	RANK: 7 / 23 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000
MÈ	Landslide	RANK: 18 / 23 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.233
	Extreme Heat	RANK: 20 / 23 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000
	Wildfire	RANK: 16 / 23 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.093
洲	Malaria  C	RANK: 18 / 23 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.075
	Locust	RANK: 1 / 23 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.768

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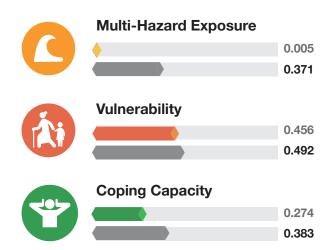
# **MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)**

18 / 23 RANK AMONG REGIONS SCORE: 0.396

The Multi-Hazard Risk score and ranking represent a combination of multi-hazard exposure, vulnerability, and coping capacity. Below is a summary of the Bongolava region's RVA results. Detailed region-level results for the RVA are available in DisasterAWARE.

Multi-Hazard Risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:







Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

# Safer World.

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