

COLOMBIA

MAGDALENA

NDPBA DEPARTMENT PROFILE

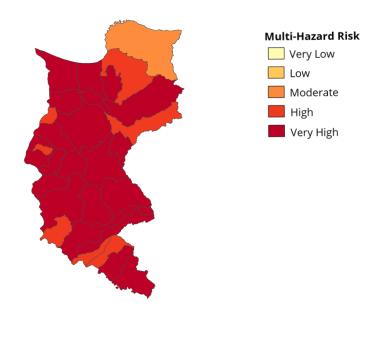


COLOMBIA

DEPARTMENT: MAGDALENA

The Magdalena Department Profile provides a comprehensive summary of all municipal assessment findings.





RISK AND VULNERABILITY

AVERAGE MUNICIPAL INDEX SCORES



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

Very High

Average Score: 0.559 • Rank: 7/33



RESILIENCE (R)

Low

Average Score: 0.499 • Rank: 22/33



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

Very High

Average Score: 0.674 • Rank: 1/33



VULNERABILITY (V)

High

Average Score: 0.516 • Rank: 10/33



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

Moderate

Average Score: 0.513 • Rank: 19/33

DEPARTMENT HIGHLIGHTS



Population (2018 Census)

1,263,788



Multidimensional Poverty Rate (2023)

21.4%



Prevalence of Food Insecurity (2023)

11.8%



Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births) (2020)

18.8



Adult Illiteracy (2018)

9.1%



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

AVERAGE MUNICIPAL INDEX SCORES

RANK: 1/33 DEPARTMENTS AVERAGE SCORE: 0.674



Average MHE 0.674

Raw MHE 0.594

Relative MHE 0.755

AVERAGE ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:



Sea Level Rise



<1% (3,688)

Buildings Exposed: <1%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: <1%



Extreme Heat



Buildings Exposed: 96%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 84%



Coastal Flood



4 <1% (2,417)

Buildings Exposed: <1%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: <1%



Wildfire

21% (277,006)

Buildings Exposed: 25%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 28%



Riverine Flood



413,114) (413,114)

Buildings Exposed: 39%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 29%



Volcano



2 0% (0)

Buildings Exposed: 0%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 0%



Landslide



32% (424,763)

Buildings Exposed: 24%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 29%



Tropical Cyclone Wind

4 0% (0)

Buildings Exposed: 0%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 0%



Earthquake

100% (1.328.680)

Buildings Exposed: 100%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 100%



15% (198,427)

Buildings Exposed: 12%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 26%



Erosion

12% (157,899)

Buildings Exposed: 14%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 7%

NOTE: Population exposure values are estimated using PDC's All-hazard Impact Model (AIM). Values may differ from Census population.



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) RANK: 1 / 33 DEPARTMENTS

AVERAGE SCORE: 0.674

AVERAGE MUNICIPAL INDEX SCORES

Combining exposures from all hazards, below is a summary of the top ranking municipalities within Magdalena with the highest Multi-Hazard Exposure. Multi-Hazard Exposure for all municipalities is available in DisasterAWARE.

MUNICIPALITIES WITH THE HIGHEST MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE

RANK IN DEPARTMENT	MUNICIPALITY	INDEX SCORE	
1	Plato	0.833	
2	Sitionuevo	0.790	
3	Santa Marta	0.784	
4	Fundación	0.778	
5	Nueva Granada	0.763	



VULNERABILITY (V)

AVERAGE MUNICIPAL INDEX SCORES

RANK: 10 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED

AVERAGE SCORE: 0.516

Below is a summary of the municipal Vulnerability Assessment within Magdalena. Detailed municipal-level results, including all indicators used to assess Vulnerability, are available in DisasterAWARE.

	Information Access Vulnerability 0	SCORE: 0.494	RANK: 13/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED
0	Clean Water Access Vulnerability	SCORE: 0.513	RANK: 11/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED
(ES)	Economic Constraints 0	SCORE: 0.550	RANK: 6/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED
	Marginalization 0	SCORE: 0.459	RANK: 12/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED
₩	Vulnerable Health Status 0	SCORE: 0.397	RANK: 24/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED
(it)	Housing Vulnerability	SCORE: 0.680	RANK: 10/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED



RANK: 10 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED

AVERAGE SCORE: 0.516

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING VULNERABILITY



Housing Vulnerability

Populations living in poorly constructed housing, or homes built prior to the enactment of modern building codes, are more susceptible to structural damage and losses due to hazard impacts. In addition, higher density living situations such as crowded households increase susceptibility to negative consequences resulting from hazard exposure.



Economic Constraints

Economic constraints have individual, household, community, and region-wide influence. Limitations on available financial resources reduce opportunities to invest in mitigation and preparedness measures and limit the ability to facilitate short- and long-term recovery.

MUNICIPALITIES WITH THE HIGHEST VULNERABILITY		
RANK IN DEPARTMENT	MUNICIPALITY	INDEX SCORE
1	Sabanas De San Ángel	0.644
2	Sitionuevo	0.619
3	Cerro De San Antonio	0.588
4	Zapayán	0.587
5	Puebloviejo	0.582



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 19 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED

AVERAGE SCORE: 0.513

AVERAGE MUNICIPAL INDEX SCORES

Below is a summary of the municipal Coping Capacity Assessment within Magdalena. Detailed municipal-level results, including all indicators used to assess Coping Capacity, are available in DisasterAWARE.

Gover	nance	SCORE: 0.506	RANK: 24/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED
Infras	tructure Capacity	SCORE: 0.520	RANK: 13/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED
	Transportation Capacity 0	SCORE: 0.565	RANK: 16/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED
**************************************	Healthcare and Emergency Services Capacity	SCORE: 0.507	RANK: 4/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED
	Energy and Communications Capacity	SCORE: 0.487	RANK: 15/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED



RANK: 19 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED

AVERAGE SCORE: 0.513

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING COPING CAPACITY



Healthcare and Emergency Services Capacity

Establishing and maintaining a broad range of systems and resources, including skilled caregivers and dedicated facilities, to support emergency services and the treatment of injury and disease during non-disaster times, will greatly enhance the capacity for disaster management and response, and improve the ability of societies to address disaster-associated health and medical impacts.



Governance

The stability and effectiveness of institutional structures, trust in government, and enforcement of laws to prevent and control crime and violence is an indication of a government's ability to successfully mitigate and cope with hazards. Instability of institutional structures can make a municipality more susceptible to the negative effects of a disaster event.

MUNICIPALITIES WITH THE HIGHEST COPING CAPACITY

RANK IN DEPARTMENT	MUNICIPALITY	INDEX SCORE	
1	Santa Marta	0.695	
2	Salamina	0.640	
3	Fundación	0.585	
4	Zona Bananera	0.574	
5	Plato	0.571	



RANK: 22 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED

AVERAGE SCORE: 0.499

The Resilience score and ranking represent a combination of High Vulnerability and Moderate Coping Capacity. Key drivers of Resilience across mucipalities within Magdalena are summarized below. Detailed municipal-level results for the RVA are available in DisasterAWARE.

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE



Housing Vulnerability

Populations living in poorly constructed housing, or homes built prior to the enactment of modern building codes, are more susceptible to structural damage and losses due to hazard impacts. In addition, higher density living situations such as crowded households increase susceptibility to negative consequences resulting from hazard exposure.



Economic Constraints

Economic constraints have individual, household, community, and region-wide influence. Limitations on available financial resources reduce opportunities to invest in mitigation and preparedness measures and limit the ability to facilitate short- and long-term recovery.



Energy and Communications Capacity

Homes, businesses, industry, and government all rely on access to energy resources and communications for continuity of daily activities. Expanding, strengthening, and securing the energy network and increasing the availability of internet services will contribute to economic development, facilitate effective and coordinated communication, and increase the speed of recovery processes in the aftermath of a disaster.



Information Access Vulnerability

The ability to understand hazard and disaster-related information before, during, and after an event is central to acting on that information. If information channels and formats are limited, the groups and individuals exposed to information inclusive of mitigation options, preparedness measures, available resources, and impending hazard events, will likewise be limited. Information access enables the building and diversification of exposed populations' critical skill sets both before and after disasters strike.



HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)

AVERAGE MUNICIPAL INDEX SCORES

	Sea Level Rise	RANK: 5 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.021
	Coastal Flood	RANK: 6 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.017
	Riverine Flood	RANK: 6 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.598
MÈ	Landslide	RANK: 30 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.115
	Earthquake	RANK: 6 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.603
	Erosion	RANK: 2 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.452
	Extreme Heat	RANK: 8 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.637
	Wildfire	RANK: 6 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.224
\$\frac{1}{2}	Volcano	RANK: 10 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000
	Tropical Cyclone Wind	RANK: 3 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000
CG.	Tsunami	RANK: 4 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.123

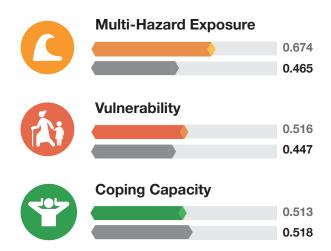


MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

7 / 33 RANK AMONG DEPARTMENTS AVERAGE SCORE: 0.559

The Multi-Hazard Risk score and ranking represent a combination of Multi-Hazard Exposure, Vulnerability, and Coping Capacity. Below is a summary of Magdalena's RVA results across all municipalities. Detailed municipal-level results for the RVA are available in DisasterAWARE.

Multi-Hazard Risk component scores COUNTRY SCORE compared to overall average country scores:





Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer Morida

1305 N. Holopono Street Suite 2, Kihei, HI 96753 | P: (808) 891-0525 | F: (808) 891-0526



@PDC_Global



/PDCGlobal



www.pdc.org



ndpba.col@pdc.org