

COLOMBIA

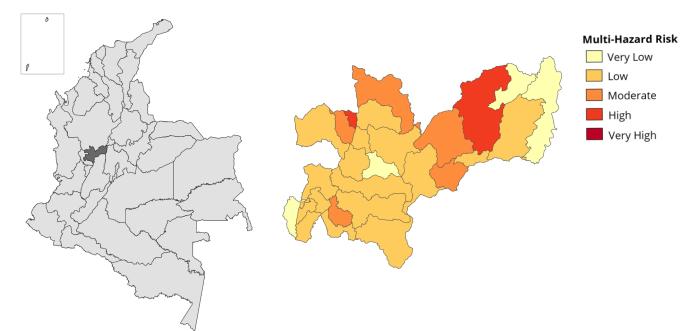
NDPBA DEPARTMENT PROFILE



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COLOMBIA DEPARTMENT: CALDAS

The Caldas Department Profile provides a comprehensive summary of all municipal assessment findings.



RISK AND VULNERABILITY AVERAGE MUNICIPAL INDEX SCORES



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

Very Low Average Score: 0.428 • Rank: 29/33



RESILIENCE (R) Very High

Average Score: 0.587 • Rank: 7/33



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) Moderate Average Score: 0.458 • Rank: 18/33



VULNERABILITY (V) Very Low

Average Score: 0.364 • Rank: 29/33



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COPING CAPACITY (CC) High Average Score: 0.538 • Rank: 9/33

DEPARTMENT HIGHLIGHTS



Population (2018 Census) 923,472



Multidimensional Poverty Rate (2023) **7.4%**



Prevalence of Food Insecurity (2023) 12.5%



Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births) (2020) 13.5



Adult Illiteracy (2018) 5.0%

MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

AVERAGE MUNICIPAL INDEX SCORES

RANK: 18 / 33 DEPARTMENTS AVERAGE SCORE: 0.458

AVERAGE ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:



Sea Level Rise 0% (0)

Buildings Exposed: 0% Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 0%



Coastal Flood

Buildings Exposed: 0% Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 0%



Riverine Flood 10% (87,061)

Buildings Exposed: 9% Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 5%



Landslide

90% (780,220)

Buildings Exposed: 91% Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 95%



Earthquake 100% (865,720)

Buildings Exposed: 100% Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 100%



Buildings Exposed: 1% Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 1%

Extreme Heat ĥ



Buildings Exposed: 0% Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 0%



Wildfire **0%** (0)

Buildings Exposed: 0% Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 0%



Volcano **469,347 (469,347)**

Buildings Exposed: 42% Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 37%

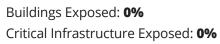


Tropical Cyclone Wind 4 0% (0)

Buildings Exposed: 0% Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 0%



Tsunami **4**0% (0)



NOTE: Population exposure values are estimated using PDC's All-hazard Impact Model (AIM). Values may differ from Census population.

Average MHE 0.458

Raw MHE 0.510

Relative MHE 0.407



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MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) RANK: 18 / 33 DEPARTMENTS AVERAGE MUNICIPAL INDEX SCORES AVERAGE SCORE: 0.458

Combining exposures from all hazards, below is a summary of the top ranking municipalities within Caldas with the highest Multi-Hazard Exposure. Multi-Hazard Exposure for all municipalities is available in DisasterAWARE.

MUNICIPALITIES WITH THE HIGHEST MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE

RANK IN DEPARTMENT	MUNICIPALITY	INDEX SCORE
1	Manizales	0.786
2	Villamaría	0.673
3	Chinchiná	0.634
4	Palestina	0.595
5	Supía	0.554
3 4	Chinchiná Palestina	0.634 0.595



VULNERABILITY (V) AVERAGE MUNICIPAL INDEX SCORES

RANK: 29 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED AVERAGE SCORE: 0.364

Below is a summary of the municipal Vulnerability Assessment within Caldas. Detailed municipal-level results, including all indicators used to assess Vulnerability, are available in DisasterAWARE.

	Information Access Vulnerabilit	ty SCORE: 0.445	RANK: 22/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED
6	Clean Water Access Vulnerabil	ity SCORE: 0.282	RANK: 29/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED
	Economic Constraints	SCORE: 0.344	RANK: 28/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED
;;;;; ;;;	Marginalization	SCORE: 0.397	RANK: 22/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED
$\mathbf{\mathbf{S}}$	Vulnerable Health Status 0 1	SCORE: 0.336	RANK: 29/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED
	Housing Vulnerability 0 1	SCORE: 0.381	RANK: 29/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED



RANK: 29 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED AVERAGE SCORE: 0.364

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING VULNERABILITY



Information Access Vulnerability

The ability to understand hazard and disaster-related information before, during, and after an event is central to acting on that information. If information channels and formats are limited, the groups and individuals exposed to information inclusive of mitigation options, preparedness measures, available resources, and impending hazard events, will likewise be limited. Information access enables the building and diversification of exposed populations' critical skill sets both before and after disasters strike.



Marginalization

Group-based differences in access to resources, services, opportunities, and formal economic and political structures that favor some groups over others influence the disaster susceptibility of the groups and individuals affected. Identification of populations facing significant inequalities or marginalization can help anticipate where relief and mass care operations (e.g., sheltering, health care delivery) needs will be greatest.

MUNICIPALITIES WITH THE HIGHEST VULNERABILITY

RANK IN DEPARTMENT	MUNICIPALITY	INDEX SCORE
1	Samaná	0.478
2	Marmato	0.458
3	Belalcázar	0.446
4	Marulanda	0.443
5	Risaralda	0.432

COPING CAPACITY (CC) AVERAGE MUNICIPAL INDEX SCORES

RANK: 9 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED AVERAGE SCORE: 0.538

Below is a summary of the municipal Coping Capacity Assessment within Caldas. Detailed municipallevel results, including all indicators used to assess Coping Capacity, are available in DisasterAWARE.

	Govern	nance	SCORE: 0.516	RANK: 21/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED
C	Infrast	ructure Capacity	SCORE: 0.560	RANK: 7/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED
		Transportation Capacity 0 1	SCORE: 0.585	RANK: 13/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED
	•	Healthcare and Emergency Services Capacity	SCORE: 0.474	RANK: 14/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED
	0	Energy and Communications Capacity	SCORE: 0.621	RANK: 6/33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED



RANK: 9 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED AVERAGE SCORE: 0.538

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING COPING CAPACITY



Healthcare and Emergency Services Capacity

Establishing and maintaining a broad range of systems and resources, including skilled caregivers and dedicated facilities, to support emergency services and the treatment of injury and disease during non-disaster times, will greatly enhance the capacity for disaster management and response, and improve the ability of societies to address disaster-associated health and medical impacts.



Governance

The stability and effectiveness of institutional structures, trust in government, and enforcement of laws to prevent and control crime and violence is an indication of a government's ability to successfully mitigate and cope with hazards. Instability of institutional structures can make a municipality more susceptible to the negative effects of a disaster event.

MUNICIPALITIES WITH THE HIGHEST COPING CAPACITY

RANK IN DEPARTMENT	MUNICIPALITY	INDEX SCORE	
1	Manizales	0.723	
2	Chinchiná	0.637	
3	Villamaría	0.609	
4	Viterbo	0.607	
5	Palestina	0.597	



RANK: 7 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED AVERAGE SCORE: 0.587

The Resilience score and ranking represent a combination of Very Low Vulnerability and High Coping Capacity. Key drivers of Resilience across mucipalities within Caldas are summarized below. Detailed municipal-level results for the RVA are available in DisasterAWARE.

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE



Healthcare and Emergency Services Capacity

Establishing and maintaining a broad range of systems and resources, including skilled caregivers and dedicated facilities, to support emergency services and the treatment of injury and disease during non-disaster times, will greatly enhance the capacity for disaster management and response, and improve the ability of societies to address disaster-associated health and medical impacts.



Governance

The stability and effectiveness of institutional structures, trust in government, and enforcement of laws to prevent and control crime and violence is an indication of a government's ability to successfully mitigate and cope with hazards. Instability of institutional structures can make a municipality more susceptible to the negative effects of a disaster event.



Information Access Vulnerability

The ability to understand hazard and disaster-related information before, during, and after an event is central to acting on that information. If information channels and formats are limited, the groups and individuals exposed to information inclusive of mitigation options, preparedness measures, available resources, and impending hazard events, will likewise be limited. Information access enables the building and diversification of exposed populations' critical skill sets both before and after disasters strike.



Transportation Capacity

Transportation Capacity represents the ability to ensure efficient movement and delivery of resources key to effective humanitarian assistance and disaster relief operations, including the provision of health services.

HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)

AVERAGE MUNICIPAL INDEX SCORES

	Sea Level Rise	RANK: 13 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000
	Coastal Flood	RANK: 13 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000
	Riverine Flood	RANK: 24 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.280
	Landslide	RANK: 5 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.552
	Earthquake	RANK: 20 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.544
	Erosion	RANK: 24 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.176
	Extreme Heat	RANK: 28 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000
	Wildfire	RANK: 17 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000
	Volcano	RANK: 5 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.101
Q	Tropical Cyclone Wind	RANK: 3 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000
	Tsunami	RANK: 13 / 33 DEPARTMENTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

29 / 33 RANK AMONG DEPARTMENTS AVERAGE SCORE: 0.428

COUNTRY SCORE

CALDAS SCORE

The Multi-Hazard Risk score and ranking represent a combination of Multi-Hazard Exposure, Vulnerability, and Coping Capacity. Below is a summary of Caldas's RVA results across all municipalities. Detailed municipal-level results for the RVA are available in DisasterAWARE.

compared to overall average country scores: Multi-Hazard Exposure 0.458 0.465 Vulnerability 0.364 0.447 Coping Capacity 0.538 0.518

Multi-Hazard Risk component scores



Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

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1305 N. Holopono Street Suite 2, Kihei, HI 96753

| P: (808) 891-0525 F: (808) 891-0526



@PDC_Global





www.pdc.org



ndpba.col@pdc.org