



VIỆT NAM

HOA BINH

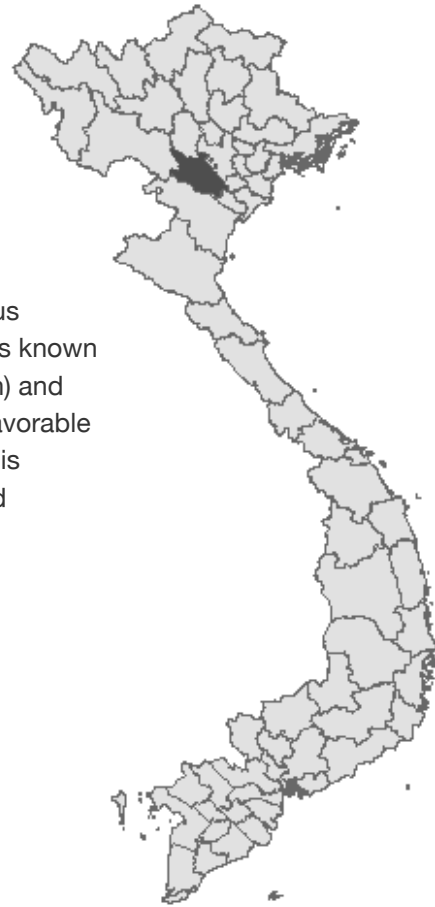
NDPBA PROVINCE PROFILE

VIỆT NAM HOA BINH

CAPITAL: HÒA BÌNH

Area: 5,071 km²

Neighboring Hanoi Capital to the west, Hoa Binh is a mountainous province located in the Northwest region of Viet Nam. Hoa Binh is known as the home to the Muong people (about 63% of total population) and other ethnic groups of Kinh, Thai, Dao, Tay, and Hmong. Given favorable natural conditions and cultural diversity, the province's economy is mostly based on agroforestry, specialized crops, ecotourism, and hydropower.



RISK AND VULNERABILITY COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK - high
Score: 0.521 • Rank: 18/63



RESILIENCE (R) - moderate
Score: 0.515 • Rank: 37/63



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE - high
Score: 0.592 • Rank: 23/63



VULNERABILITY (V) - low
Score: 0.397 • Rank: 45/63



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - very low
Score: 0.427 • Rank: 54/63



Population (2017)
853,037



Population in Poverty
15.7%



Illiterate population
2.0%



Access to improved water
60.0%



Average life expectancy
72.40 years

*For more information on data and components please visit: <https://bit.ly/2LqVoUO>



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE

RANK: 23 / 63 PROVINCES
SCORE: 0.592



MHE
0.592
Raw MHE
0.497
Relative MHE
0.791

ESTIMATED POPULATION EXPOSED TO EACH HAZARD:



Typhoon Wind
26.4%
224865



Flood
10.0%
84900



Wildfire
4.5%
38105



Earthquake
97.4%
830717



Landslide
5.8%
49600



Extreme Temperature
100.0%
853037



Surge
0.0%
0



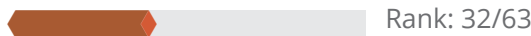
VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 45 / 63 PROVINCES
SCORE: 0.397

Vulnerability in Hoa Binh is primarily driven by Clean Water Access Vulnerability and Economic Constraints. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Vulnerability score.



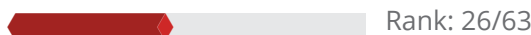
Environmental Stress



3.0% Forest Change
44.37 Livestock Density (per sq km)



Vulnerable Health Status



72.4 Life Expectancy (years)
17.4 Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births)
5.8% Acute Malnutrition (Children <5)
29 Tuberculosis Incidence (per 100,000 persons)
100.81 Malaria Prevalance (per 100,000 persons)
164.1 HIV Prevalance (per 100,000 persons)



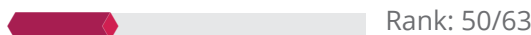
Clean Water Vulnerability



60.0% Households with Safe Water Access
42.6% Households with Hygienic Toilet Access



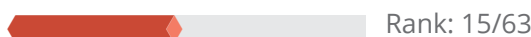
Information Access Vulnerability



2.0% Adult Illiteracy Rate
97.8% School Attendance Rate
89.0% Households without Internet
5.0% Housholds without TV



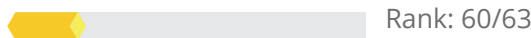
Economic Constraints



42.7 Economic Dependency Ratio
15.7% Poverty



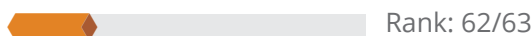
Gender Inequality



0.01 Income Inequality*
0.21 F M School Enrollment Rate*
*Values closer to 1 represent greater gender parity.



Population Pressures



0.2% Average Annual Population Change
0.8% Average Annual Urban Population Change
1.1% Net Migration Rate



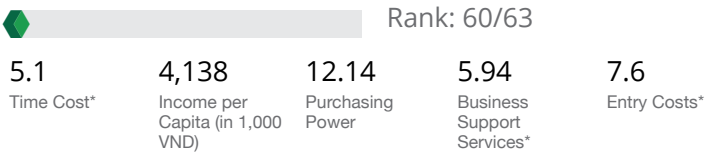
COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 54 / 63 PROVINCES
SCORE: 0.427

Hoa Binh exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Economic Capacity and Governance. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Coping Capacity score.



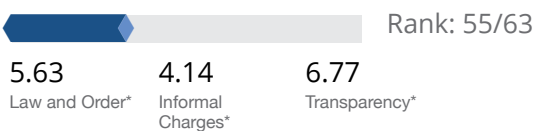
Economic Capacity



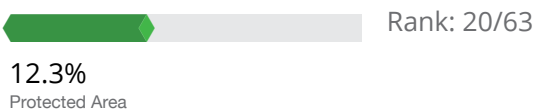
*Values represent a sub-index score where 1 is considered low (poor) and 10 is considered high (good).



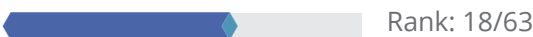
Governance



Environmental Capacity



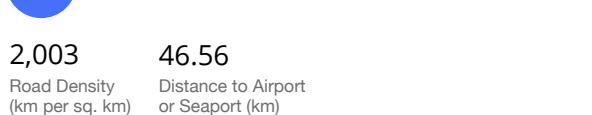
Infrastructure Capacity



Health Care Capacity



Transportation Capacity



Communications Capacity





RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 37 / 63 PROVINCES
SCORE: 0.515

Ho Binh's score and ranking are due to low Vulnerability combined with very low Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:



Clean Water
Access
Vulnerability



Economic
Constraints



Economic Capacity



Governance



MULTI-HAZARD RISK

18 / 63

Rank within provinces
Score: 0.521



Ho Binh's score and ranking are due to high Multi-hazard exposure combined with low Vulnerability and very low Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:

