

NEPAL BARA

NDPBA SUBNATIONAL PROFILE



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DISTRICT PROFILE



Area: 1,190 km²



RISK AND VULNERABILITY COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) -Moderate

Score: 0.554 • Rank: 31/77



RESILIENCE (R) - Moderate Score: 0.530 • Rank: 31/77



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) - Very High Score: 0.723 • Rank: 11/77



VULNERABILITY (V) -Moderate Score:0.448 • Rank: 38/77



79

COPING CAPACITY (CC) - High Score: 0.508 • Rank: 21/77



Population (2021 Statistical Yearbook) **743,975**



Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births) **48.9**



Population below Poverty Line 29.9%



Population with Safe Drinking Water 96.3%



Adult Literacy 43.3%

MHE 0.723



RANK: 11 / 77 DISTRICTS SCORE: 0.723



Raw MHE 0.757

Relative MHE 0.690

ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:



Earthquake

& 698,224 \$1.17 Billion

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 100%



Extreme Heat

& 697,356 \$1.17 Billion

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 100%



Fluvial Flood 18%

125,482
\$290.58 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 25%



1% 9,698

Landslide

\$10.37 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 1%



Wildfire **26%**

180,845
 \$255.78 Million
 Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 22%

Pluvial Flood

43%

39% 4 274,325

\$495.54 Million Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

NOTE: Population exposure values for Nepal districts are estimated using PDC's AIM model. Values may differ from Census population estimates.



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 38 / 77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.448

RANK: 44/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

Vulnerability in Bara is primarily driven by Information Access Vulnerability and Economic Constraints. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.





Access to Clean Water Vulnerability						
0		1	SCORE: 0.360	RANK: 55/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED		
96.3% Access to Safe Drinking Water	72.4% Households without Toilet	27.3% Water Schemes in Disrepair	90.2 Typhoid Incidence (per 10,000)	28.0 Cholera Incidence (per 100,000)		
Economi	c Constr	raints				
0		1	SCORE: 0.506	RANK: 36/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED		
\$1,480 Income per Capita (PPP \$)	29.9% Poverty Headcount Ratio	7.2% Poverty Gap	86.2 Age Dependency Ratio			
Food Inse	ecurity					
0		1	SCORE: 0.254	RANK: 67/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED		
21.1% Food Poverty Prevalence	25.5% Low kcal Intake Prevalence	47.9% Agricultural Insufficiency Rate				
Gondor In	oquality	,				

SCORE: 0.346



Gender Inequality

0.50 0.02 Female to Male Literacy Ratio (Distance from Parity) (Distance from Parity)

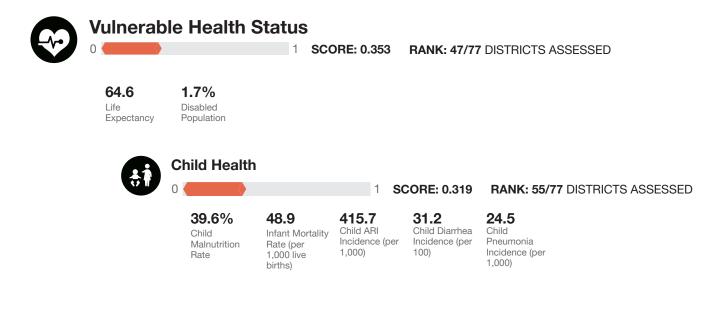
0.02 78.6% Female to Male Secondary Enrollment Ratio (Distance from Parity)

1



RANK: 38 / 77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.448

Vulnerability in Bara is primarily driven by Information Access Vulnerability and Economic Constraints. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.



DISTRICT PROFILE



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 21 / 77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.508

Bara exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Communications Capacity and Energy Capacity. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



Economic Capacity

41,527 Gross Domestic Product (Million Rs.)

192,413 Labor Productivity

(Rs.)



Governance

0.2 5 Average Annual Conflict (per 10,000)

2.5 Government Management and (Score out of 9)

Organization Administration (Score out of 8)

1

1

4.5 6.75 Budget and Plan Management (Score out of 11) of 11)

SCORE: 0.251

SCORE: 0.922

4.5 Fiscal and Financial Management (Score out

Service Flow (Score out of 16)

RANK: 72/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

4

RANK: 2/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

Judicial Work (Score out of 7)

3.5 Physical Infrastructure (Score out of 13)

2.5 2 Social Inclusion (Score out of 10)

3 Cooperation Environmental and Protection Coordination and Disaster (Score out Management of 6) (Score out of 9)

Environmental Capacity

SCORE: 0.461 RANK: 24/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

21.1% Protected Area



COPING CAPACITY (CC) RANK: 21 / 77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.508

Bara exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Communications Capacity and Energy Capacity. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.

(C ^m	Infra 0	astructure Capacity 1 SCORE: 0.506 RANK: 38/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED								
	Communications Capaci			-	-					
		2.3% Households with Landline	0.5% Households with Internet	37.7% Households with Television	33.3% Households with Radio	61.5% Households with Mobile Phone				
	Logistics Capacity		1	1 SCORE: 0.651 RANK: 17/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED						
		16 Road Density (km per sq. km)	92.8% Improved Roadway	20.6 Average Distance to Airport (km)	27.5 Average Distance to Dry Port (km)	20.6 Average Distance to Warehouse (km)	11.7 Average Distance to Police Station (km)	14.3 Average Distance to Hospital (km)	0.34 Operational Hospital Beds (per 10,000)	
	Energy Capacity		1	SCORE: 0.50	8 RANK: 39	9 /77 DISTRIC	TS ASSESSE	D		
		68.3% Households with Electricity	4.7% Households using Gas for Cooking							



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 31 / 77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.530

Bara's score and ranking are due to Moderate Vulnerability combined with High Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:



Vulnerability

Information Access



Constraints



Communications Capacity



Energy Capacity

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE



Information Access Vulnerability

Limitations in information access can impede a population's ability to receive, understand, and take action. Emergency messages must take into account the unique information access constraints of the district. Emergency messages presented to the population must contain clear and simple information to ensure an appropriate response to save lives and reduce losses.



Economic Constraints

Economic constraints have individual, household, community, and district-wide influence. Limitations on available financial resources reduce opportunities to invest in mitigation and preparedness measures and limit the ability to facilitate short- and long-term recovery.



Communications Capacity

The density, diversity, resilience, and quality of communications infrastructure influence how subnational- and local-level populations are able to facilitate effective and coordinated communication.



Energy Capacity

Homes, businesses, industry, and government all rely on access to energy resources for continuity of daily activities. Expanding, strengthening, and securing the energy network and increasing the availability and quantity of energy reserves will contribute to economic development and increase the speed of recovery processes in the aftermath of a disaster.

HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)					
-Mp-	Earthquake	RANK: 30 / 77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.393			
	Extreme Heat	RANK: 9 / 77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.380			
	Fluvial Flood	RANK: 13 / 77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.287			
	Pluvial Flood	RANK: 10 / 77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.342			
MÈ	Landslide	RANK: 63 / 77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.051			
B	Wildfire	RANK: 23 / 77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.276			



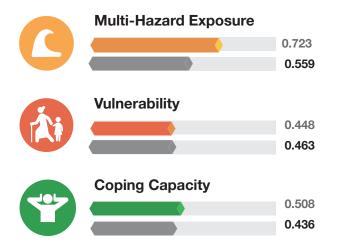
MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

31 / 77 RANK WITHIN DISTRICTS Score: 0.554

Bara's score and ranking are due to Very High Multi-hazard Exposure combined with Moderate Vulnerability and High Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:

DISTRICTS SCORECOUNTRY SCORE





Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer vorld.

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