

THE PHILIPPINES _____

NDPBA PROVINCE PROFILE



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THE PHILIPPINES **BUKIDNON**

CAPITAL: CITY OF MALAYBALAY

Area: 10,499 km²

Bukidnon is a large, landlocked province of elevated plateaus in the center of Northern Mindanao Region. It is an important regional food producer and contains most major watersheds of the entire island of Mindanao. With the mountainous topography of the province, the higher elevations result in a cooler and wetter climate throughout the year. The land area of Bukidnon makes it the largest province in the region and the 8th largest in the country. In Bukidnon regulated mining operations include limestone, chromite, feldspar, copper, silica quartz and gold. The province is primarily agriculturally based being a major producer of ice, corn, sugar and coffee among others. Bukidnon is outside the typhoon belt and mostly exposed due to seismic hazards.



RISK AND VULNERABILITY COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - Medium Score: 0.502 • Rank: 42/84

RESILIENCE (R) - Low Score: 0.498 • Rank: 67/84



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) - Low Score: 0.504 • Rank: 66/84



VULNERABILITY (V) - High Score: 0.478 • Rank: 26/84



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - Very Low Score: 0.475 • Rank: 70/84

*For more information on data and components please visit: https://bit.ly/2LqVoUO



Population (2018) 1,531,248



Population in Poverty 22.2%



Literate population 96.5%



Access to improved water 87.5%

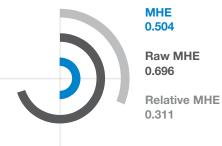


Average life expectancy

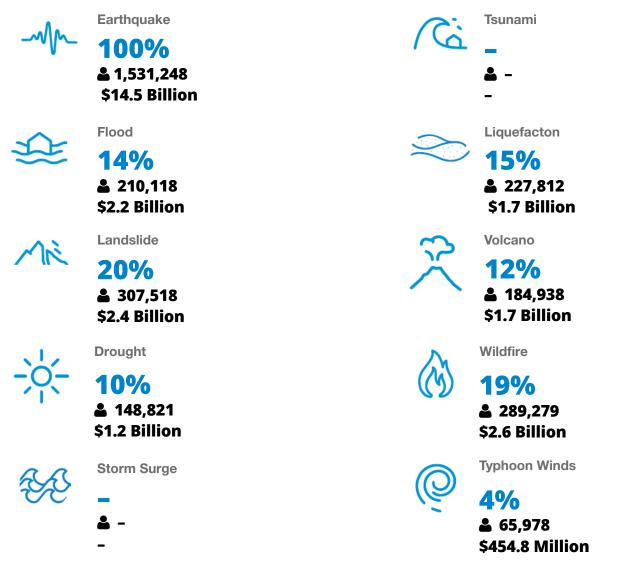
67.6 years

MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 66 / 84 PROVINCES SCORE: 0.504



ESTIMATED POPULATION AND CAPITAL EXPOSED TO EACH HAZARD:





VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 26 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.478

Vulnerability in Bukidnon is primarily driven by Gender Inequality and Economic Constraints. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Vulnerability score.

Environmental Stress								
		1 SCO	RE: 0.285	RANK: 77/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED				
1.46 Livestock density	O Barren land (per 10k hectares)	1.64% Forest cover change						
Vulnerable	Health Stat		ORE: 0.46	RANK: 36/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED				
3.4% Malnutrition among children (0 to 5 years old)	4.35 Infant mortality rate (per 1k live births)	54.33 Maternal mortality rate (per 100k live births)	67.58 Life expectancy	492 Disability (per 100k persons)				
15.3 Tuberculosis mortality rate (per 100k persons)	O HIV mortality rate (per 100k persons)	4.9 Intestinal disease mortality rate (per 100k persons)	2.8 Other arthropod- borne viral fevers and viral hemorrhagic fever mortality rate (per 100k persons)					



Clean Water Vulnerability

SCORE: 0.525 RANK: 24/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

87.5% Households with improved safe water source

96.46%

Literacy rate

(age 10 and

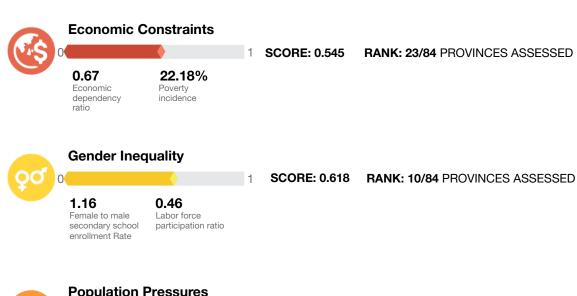
older)

82.6% vith Households with sanitary toilet facility 1

e

Information Access Vulnerability

1 SCORE: 0.532 RANK: 30/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED 123.55% 2.61% 50.60% Households School Internet Access Swith radio Households with radio with relevision Households With television



Population Pressures

1.64 Population growth rate (2010-2015)

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4.79 Average annual urban population growth rate

1.6% Informal settlers

1

SCORE: 0.379

RANK: 54/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

PROVINCIAL PROFILE

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Protected areas

(per 1k ha)



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

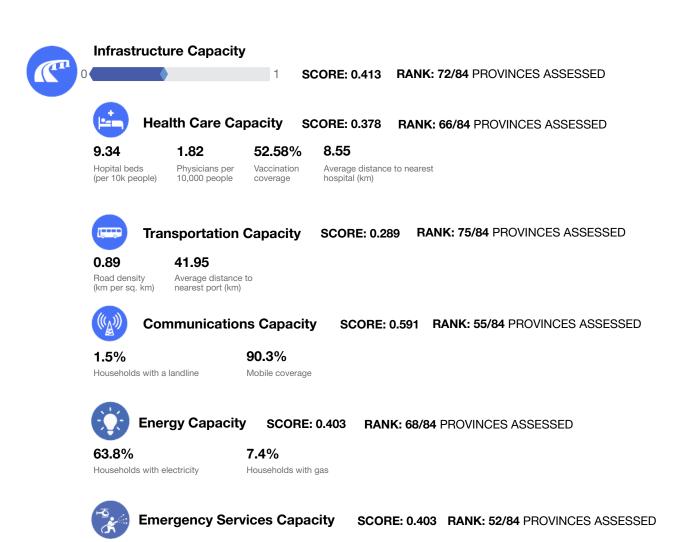
10.3%

Forest reserves

RANK: 70 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.475

Bukidnon exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Transportation Capacity and Health Care Capacity. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Coping Capacity score.

	Economic Capacity							
\$ \$ 0			1	SCORE: 0.5	RANK: 44/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED			
	0.87 Purchasing power of the peso	64.12% Labor force participation rate		1845.17 Local government annual regular income per capita (Philippine Peso)				
	Governance		-	SCORE: 0.581	RANK: 61/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED			
	83.7%	10.65	I	16.00%	HANK. 01/04 THEVINCES ASSESSED			
	Voter participation	Organized violence (per 100k persons)		Garbage pickup				
	Environmental	Capacity						
0			1	SCORE: 0.263	RANK: 64/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED			



12.31 Evacuation centers (per 100k persons) **1.79** Fire Stations (per 100k persons) **2.34** Fire Trucks (per 100k persons)



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 67 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.498 Bukidnon's score and ranking are due to High Vulnerability combined with Very Low Coping Capacity

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:



scores.



Constraints





Transportation Capacity



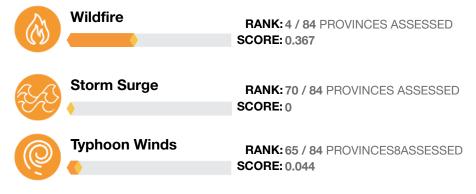
Health Care Capacity

0

HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)

Earthquake	RANK: 3 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.457
Tsunami	RANK: 54 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0
Flood	RANK: 57 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.124
	RANK: 55 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.138
Landslide	RANK: 3 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.403
Volcano	RANK: 2 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.42
Drought	RANK: 38 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.218

(HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK CONTINUED)

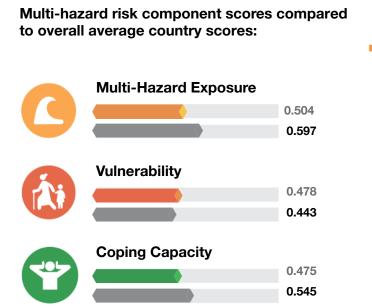




MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

42 / 84 RANK WITHIN PROVINCES Score: 0.502

Bukidnon's score and ranking are due to Low Multi-hazard exposure combined with High Vulnerability and Very Low Coping Capacity scores.





BUKIDNON RECOMMENDATIONS



Gender Inequality

- Continue efforts to monitor and reduce gender-based discrimination and bias. Focus efforts
 on enforcing equal employment opportunities and empowering women to continue their
 education. Economic constraints also greatly influence vulnerabilities in Bukidnon. Expand
 gainful employment opportunities for women to increase the size of the working population and
 decrease poverty rates.
- Actively engage women and other marginalized groups in disaster management and community plans. Provide equal opportunities throughout society to reduce disparities and incorporate feedback mechanisms into policies and programs to ensure effective implementation.



Economic Constraints

- In Bukidnon, economic constraints are a major driver of vulnerability. Continue to work with local stakeholders and diverse partners to stimulate economic growth. Expand public assistance where possible to increase the availability of resources and options for low income individuals.
- Gender inequality is another major driver of vulnerability in Bukidnon. Empower women to join the workforce and promote equal opportunity job growth. This will increase the size of the working population and decrease poverty rates. Invest in small and local businesses, especially in rural and remote areas.



Transportation Capacity

- Transportation capacity in Bukidnon is ranked 75th out the 84 territories in the Philippines. The
 average distance between ports and populated areas is 41.92 kilometers. Since Bukidnon is
 landlocked, roads and airports will be the primary means of bringing people and resources
 into the province. With the limited airports in the province, focus should be on expanding
 and upgrading the existing infrastructure through private-public partnerships. Advocate for
 transportation network projects through the Department of Public Works to increase evacuation
 and resource distribution routes, increase access to markets and enhance social connectivity.
- Civil planners should work with risk assessors to establish resilient transportation network plans. Incorporating environmental mitigation plans, equitable access for the population and hazard exposures.
- Ensure that emergency evacuation routes and plans include all transportation projects. Work with partners including HOTOSM and others to ensure mapping of new routes and resources are readily available in the event of a disaster.



Health Care Capacity

- Continue to work with local and international partners to increase health care capacity. Invest in new and improved infrastructure, as well as the provision of medical supplies and increased skilled care personnel.
- Expand efforts to remove barriers to health care access, such as cost and distance. Importantly, ensure that all efforts reach rural and remote areas.



Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer vorld.

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