

SIERRA LEONE —

TONKOLILI

NDPBA DISTRICT PROFILE



SIERRA LEONE TONKOLILI

CAPITAL: MAGBURAKA

Area: 7,003 km²

Tonkolili District lies at the centermost part of Sierra Leone, sharing boundaries with seven other districts. Tonkolili is strategically located in the center of Sierra Leone and the land is well drained by the Rokel River, the longest in Sierra Leone, and the Pampana - Taia River - two of the main rivers in the country. The Bumbuna waterfalls and main national Hydro Electric Power lie on the Rokel River. Agriculture also plays a significant role in the economy. The largest bio-energy company in Africa, Addax Petroleum, is found in the district. There is also a significant agricultural activity at the Magbass sugar production facility. Economically, there is significant potential for an extractive economy. Tonkolili is the site of iron ore mine, including a railway between the mine and Port Pepel.

RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - High

Score: 0.574 · Rank: 4/14



RESILIENCE (R) - Very Low



Population (2015)

531,435





Infant Mortality Rate

36



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) - Moderate

Score: 0.422 · Rank: 7/14



Illiterate population

60.0%



VULNERABILITY (V) - Very High

Score: 0.715 · Rank: 1/14



Access to improved water

35.3%



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - Moderate

Score: 0.354 · Rank: 12/14



Average life expectancy

51 years

^{*}For more information on data and components please visit: https://bit.ly/2LqVoUO



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 7 / 14 DISTRICTS

SCORE: 0.422



ESTIMATED POPULATION AND CAPITAL EXPOSED TO EACH HAZARD:



Inland Flood 3.7%

16,819

₩

Coastal Flood

0.0%

2 0

Landslide

45.0%

205,378



Drought 1.0%

4.644



Wildfire

41.0%

4 187,218



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 1 / 14 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.715

Vulnerability in Tonkolili is primarily driven by Clean Water Access Vulnerability and Information Access Vulnerability. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the district's overall Vulnerability score.



Environmental Stress

Rank: 1/14 Districts Assessed

2.0% Average Annual Forest Loss

6.7 Livestock Density (per sq

50.1% -0.12 Frosion Ecological

Change

27.3% Area Affected by Minina



km) Vulnerable Health Status

Rank: 6/14 Districts Assessed

51 Life Expectancy (years)

36 Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births)

Maternal Mortality Ratio

355

Potential

3.1% Acute Malnutrition (Children <5) 8.2% Population with Disability

Tuberculosis Incidence (per 100,000 persons)

204.9

0.7% HIV Prevalance (per 100,000 persons)

55.7%

Prevalance

persons)

(per 100,000

Malaria



Clean Water Vulnerability

Rank: 1/14 Districts Assessed

35.3% Households with Improved Water Source

22.2% Households with Improved Sanitation

Population at High Risk of Fecal

96.1%

16.4% Water Source > 30 minutes from Home



Information Access Vulnerability

Rank: 1/14 Districts Assessed

Rank: 3/14 Districts Assessed

60.0% Illiteracy Rate (Age 10+)

79.4% Primary School Attendance Ratio

7.8% Upper Secondary Completion Rate

3.2% Households with Internet

0.9% Households with

Television

37.6% Households with Internet



Economic Constraints

84.35 Economic Dependency

4.7% Population in Poorest Wealth Quintile

Income Inequality (GINI)

0.24

26.0% Child Labor Participation (Age 10-14)



Gender Inequality

Rank: 6/14 Districts Assessed 1.26

0.58 Female to Male Land

Ownership

Ratio

0.58 Female to Male Home Ownership*

0.97 Female to Male Labor Participation'

Female to Male Secondary Education³

Female Seats in Local Council

6.9%

*Values closer to 1 represent greater gender parity.



Population Pressures

Rank: 2/14 Districts Assessed

3.9% Average Annual Population

Change

8.9% Average Annual Urban Population Change

16.21 Net Migration Rate

62.7% Population that is Food Insecure

Ratio of Youth (15-24) to Adult (15+)

36.5%

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COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 12 / 14 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.354

Tonkolili exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Emergency Service Capacity and Communications Capacity. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the district's overall Coping Capacity score.



Economic Capacity

Rank: 14/14 Districts Assessed

3.8% 97.2% 1.3%

Households with Bank Income per Capita Population in Highest Financial Institutions per Account Wealth Quintile Financial Institutions per 100k Persons



Governance

Rank: 1/14 Districts Assessed

0.38 82.3%

Conflict Events per 100k Persons Participation



Environmental Capacity

Rank: 9/14 Districts Assessed

2.6%

Protected Area



Infrastructure Capacity

Rank: 14/14 Districts Assessed

Health Care Capacity Rank: 12/14 Districts Assessed

14 0.17 1.89 24.72 58.1%

Hopital Beds per Physicians per Nurses per 10,000 Average Distance to Nearest Vaccination 10,000 People 10,000 People People Hospital (km²) Coverage

Transportation Capacity Rank: 13/14 Districts Assessed

0.55 71.12

Road Density (km per sq. km) Distance to Airport or Seaport (km)



Communications Capacity Rank: 14/14 Districts Assessed

0

48.1% 6.75

Households with Mobile Phone Cellular Towers per 100k Persons



0

Energy Capacity Rank: 10/14 Districts Assessed

2.8% 0.16

Households Connected to Fuel Stations per Electric Grid 100k Persons



Emergency Service Capacity

Rank: 10/14 Districts Assessed

0

Firefighters per Search and Rescue Teams Fire Vehicles per 100k Persons per 100k Persons 100k Persons



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 13 / 14 DISTRICTS

SCORE: 0.349

Tonkolili's score and ranking are due to Very High Vulnerability combined with Moderate Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:







Information Access Vulnerability



Emergency Service Capacity

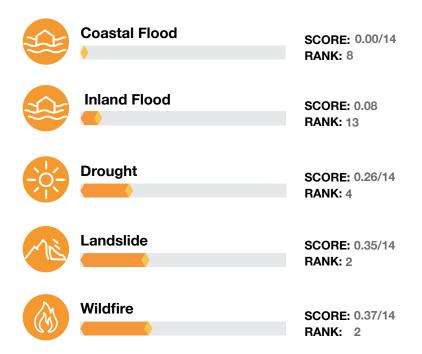


Communications Capacity



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HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK



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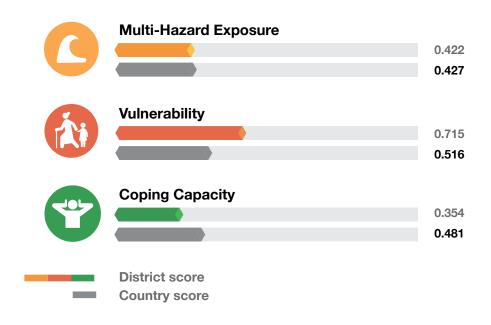
MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

4 / 14

Rank within districts Score: 0.574

Tonkolili's score and ranking are due to Moderate Multi-hazard exposure combined with Very High Vulnerability and Moderate Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:



TONKOLILI RECOMMENDATIONS



Clean Water Access Vulnerability

Those without easy or adequate access to water distribution and containment systems face significant demands on daily routines that effectively limit their response and recovery capacity and the ability to maintain livelihoods. Increasing access to improved water and sanitation in Tonkolili improves health outcomes and frees up resources to decrease further susceptibility to impacts.

Tonkolili district ranks highest in the country in clean water vulnerability, with just 35% of households having access to improved water, and 22% with improved sanitation. Findings show very high risk of E. Coli contamination in drinking water, and increased burden for water collection. Invest in improved water and sanitation infrastructure to increase access and reduce exposure to disease.



Information Access Vulnerability

Limitations in information access can impede a population's ability to receive, understand, and take action. Emergency messages must take into account the unique information access constraints of the district. Emergency messages presented to the population of Tonkolili must contain clear and simple information to ensure an appropriate response to save lives and reduce losses.

Tonkolili district ranks highest in the country in access to information vulnerability, with 60% of the population unable to read and write. Combined with a very low completion rate for secondary education, and major limitations in access to infromation technology (internet, television, radio).

Focus interventions on building literacy standards at the primary level, and on reducing school dropout rates. Ensure that the district has the schools and human resources to support education through the secondary level. Encourage whole-of-community education to ensure support for education outside of the classroom, including volunteerism, school-to-work programs, and community-based learning projects.

Tonkolili district is exposed to landslides, wildfire, flood, and drought hazards. Invest in information technology (internet, television, radio) and associated sustainable energy programs to support multimodal communications and learning environments in the district. Ensuring access to information during normal operations increases the capacity receive, comprehend, and act on critical information and disaster warnings.

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TONKOLILI RECOMMENDATIONS



Emergency Service Capacity

Societies establish capacities to manage emergencies that scale from day-to-day events up to catastrophes that impact all of society. Establishing and maintaining a broad range of systems and resources to support emergency services in Tonkolili will increase the capacity for disaster management and response.

Tonkolili district participated in the Sierra Leone Red Cross Community Disaster Preparedness program, including training, and plan and exercise development. Continue building community and volunteer fire and emergency response corps. In conjunction with Red Cross efforts, develop locally-managed community emergency response teams (CERT).

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Communications Capacity

The density, diversity, resilience, and quality of communications infrastructure influence how district- and local-level populations able to facilitate effective and coordinated communication.

Pursue public-private partnerships to increase availability of affordable mobile communications and sustainable power supply. Incentivize expansion of the existing cellular network by increasing the consumer base for mobile communications.



Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World.

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