

CABO VERDE

SANTA CATARINA DO FOGO

NDPBA MUNICIPAL PROFILE



CABO VERDE SANTA CATARINA DO FOGO

ISLAND: FOGO

Area: 153 km²

The municipality of Santa Catarina do Fogo is situated in the central and southeastern part of the volcanic Fogo Island. It is one of three municipalities on Fogo along with São Filipe, and Mosteiros. Santa Catarina do Fogo occupies about 32% of the island's land area and houses 14% of its population. The northwestern part of the municipality is within Fogo Natural Park that houses the Pico de Fogo volcano and its crater. Its main city is Cova Figueira. Cova Figueira is about 35 to 50 km from the



island's capital, São Filipe. The island in general has a moderately dry tropical climate and a semi-arid mild tropical climate on the slopes. Drought is much less observed on Fogo due to the moisture gained from the clouds on the mountain. Santa Catarina de Fogo is a predominantly rural municipality with agriculture being the main economic activity. Cã das Caldeiras is one of the most privileged areas of the municipality with vine cultivation and exports wines. Santa Catarina do Fogo Municipality was established in 2005 and consists of one civil parish and further subdivided into smaller settlements. While improvements have been made to water and wastewater systems, the City of Cova Figueira has yet to have a modern wastewater treatment and disposal system.

RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - Low

Score: 0.460 • Rank: 13/22



RESILIENCE (R) - High

Score: 0.573 • Rank: 8/22



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) - High

Score: 0.526 • Rank: 5/22



VULNERABILITY (V) - Low

Score: 0.438 • Rank: 13/22



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - High

Score: 0.585 • Rank: 5/22



Population (2020 projected)

5,206



Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)

18.9



Poverty rate

23.7%



Population with access to improved water

93.9%



Average years of schooling

6.9



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 5 / 22 MUNICIPALITIES

SCORE: 0.526



MHE 0.526

Raw MHE 0.264

Relative MHE 0.789

ESTIMATED POPULATION AND CAPITAL EXPOSED TO EACH HAZARD:



Drought

100.0%

8,470

\$29.9 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

100.0%



Flood

0.2%

4 17

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Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

4.0%



Earthquake Induced Landslide

1.2%

101

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Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

0.0%



Precipitation Induced Landslide

7.7%

4 651

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Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

0.0%



Volcano

99.8%

8.456

\$29.9 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

100.0%



Forest Fire

38.4%

3.250

\$8.6 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

25.0%



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 13 / 22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.438

Vulnerability in Santa Catarina Do Fogo is primarily driven by Information Access Vulnerability and Population Pressures. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.



Environmental Stress

1 SCORE: 0.259 RANK: 15/22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

0.41Livestock
Density per
Hectare

Households Using Firewood as Cooking Fuel

35.3%

0.1%Loss in Tree
Cover (2001 to 2020)



Vulnerable Health Status

1 SCORE: 0.392 RANK: 17/22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

18.9Infant Mortality
Rate (per 1,000

live births)

7.2%
Disabled
Population

TB Prevalence per 100k Persons 19.1 HIV Incidence per 100K Persons



Clean Water Vulnerability

1 SCORE: 0.112 RANK: 21/22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

4.6Average Time to Collect Water for Household Use

92.2% Households with Access to Wastewater Services 93.9%
Population with
Access to Improved
Water



Information Access Vulnerability

1 SCORE: 0.739 RANK: 1/22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

84.3% Adult Literacy Rate **6.9**Average Years of Schooling

66.3%Households with Television

22.9% Households with radio 66.3%
Households
with Internet access



Economic Constraints

1 SCORE: 0.445 RANK: 16/22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

0.63Age dependency

ratio

0.35 Gini index

3.2%Unemployment Rate

23.7% Poverty rate 10.5%
Households owning a vehicle

136 PDC Global www.pdc.org



Gender Inequality

RANK: 7/22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

46.2% Female Seats Municipal City Council

0.46 Female to male labor participants

1.13 Parity in Secondary Education Enrollment

SCORE: 0.543

Population Pressures

SCORE: 0.577 RANK: 4/22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

-0.18% Average annual population change

Net Migration Rate (per 1,000 persons)

-51.14

30.59 Youth Bulge



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 5 / 22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.585

RANK: 4/22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

RANK: 9/22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

Santa Catarina Do Fogo exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Health Care Capacity and Communications Capacity. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



Economic Capacity

62.08% 5.76 Economic Activity Rate

135,615 Avg Annual Expenditures per

SCORE: 0.573

Financial Service Locations per 10k Capita CVE Persons

Governance

Disposing Waste

63% 296.3 Population Properly Crimes

Reported per

10k persons

Voter Participation Rate in Local Elections

73.9%

SCORE: 0.644



Environmental Capacity

SCORE: 1.000 RANK: 1/22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

29.99%

Protected Area



Infrastructure Capacity

RANK: 18/22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.399



Health Care Capacity SCORE: 0.207 RANK: 20/22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

1.90 Physicians per 10k 1.90 Nurses per 10k

Persons

91.7%

Pct Under 1yr Fully

0 Hospitals per 10k persons Vaccinated



Transportation Capacity SCORE: 0.331 **RANK: 20/22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED**

0.64

17.61

Average Distance to Road density (km per sq. km) Port Facility (km)



Communications Capacity SCORE: 0.330 RANK: 14/22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

17.8%

61.1%

Households with Fixed Phones Population with Mobile Phone

Energy Capacity SCORE: 0.480 RANK: 13/22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

58.5% 90.3%

Households with Access to Electricity Households with Access to Gas



Emergency Services Capacity SCORE: 0.650 RANK: 12/22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

19.51

16.01

38.42

Average Distance to Hospital (km)

Average Distance to Police Station (km)

Firefighters per 10.000 Persons



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 8 / 22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.573

Santa Catarina Do Fogo's score and ranking are due to Low Vulnerability combined with High Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:



Information Access Vulnerability



Population Pressures



Health Care Capacity



Communications Capacity



HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)

-Mr

Drought

RANK: 11 / 22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.301



Flood

RANK: 19 / 22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.048



Earthquake Induced Landslide

RANK: 17/22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0,036



Precipitation Induced

Landslide RANK: 18/22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.042



Forest Fire

RANK: 15 / 22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.147



Volcano

RANK: 4/ 22 MUNICIPALITIES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0,405



140

MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

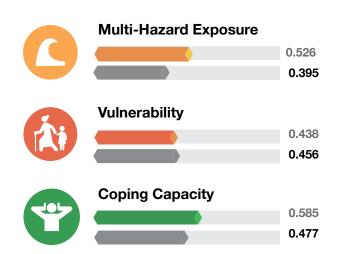
13 / 22

RANK WITHIN MUNICIPALITIES Score: 0.460

Santa Catarina Do Fogo's score and ranking are due to High Multi-hazard Exposure combined with Low Vulnerability and High Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:





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SANTA CATARINA DO FOGO RECOMMENDATIONS

Information Access Vulnerability

Santa Catarina Do Fogo has the highest overall Information Access Vulnerability in Cabo Verde, with the lowest percentage of households with a television (66.3%) and the 2nd lowest percentage with radio access (23%). Average years of schooling for the municipality is 6.9 years, and 84% of the adult population is literate.

Focus efforts on providing programs to increase school attendance and completion of secondary education. Given the population pressures in the municipality, work with communities to better understand the underlying factors that represent barriers to education and literacy.

Implement community outreach and education programs focused on hazard awareness, disaster preparedness, and health and safety practices to build community resilience. Include information and resources for audiences requiring special considerations such as the very young, elderly, and disabled populations. Boost public-private collaboration and coordination to ensure that hazard warning information is accessible and disseminated as broadly as possible through multiple communications channels.

2

Population Pressures

Ranking 4th highest overall for Population Pressures, Santa Catarina Do Fogo has the highest youth bulge in the country, with 30.6% of the adult population between the ages of 15 and 24. The municipality has a net migration rate of -51.14 per 1,000 persons.

High rates of emigration from the municipality can leave gaps in social support systems and contribute to a loss of intellectual capital and skilled labor, affecting the economy and its growth potential. Combined with the youth bulge, decreases in economic opportunities and employment have the potential to become a source of social and political instability in the municipality.

Strengthen economic planning efforts to identify vulnerabilities related to the changing population. Implement programs and support systems to identify gainful employment opportunities for youth residing in the municipality, including vocational, technical, and entrepreneurial training programs. Ensuring productive employment in a youth bulge, when economic dependency is low, tends to increase per capita income, yielding a demographic dividend. Combined with services to alleviate poverty, enhanced policing in areas susceptible to criminal activity will reduce population pressures in Santa Catarina Do Fogo

SANTA CATARINA DO FOGO RECOMMENDATIONS



Health Care Capacity

While Santa Catarina Do Fogo ranks 5th highest in in the country in overall Coping Capacity, findings show that the municipality ranks 3rd lowest for Health Care Capacity, with volcanic hazards. The municipality no available hospital services and the lowest number of nurses (1.9) per 10,000 persons relative to other municipalities in the country.

Santa Catarina de Fogo ranks 5th highest in overall Multi-hazard Exposure in Cabo Verde and has the 2nd highest exposure to was affected by the 2014 Pico de Fogo volcanic eruption, which lasted more than 50 days. The lack of skilled care and hospital services represents a limitation in meeting emergent medical needs. Given Santa Catarina Do Fogo's population pressures, driven primarily by emigration combined with youth bulge, the health sector represents an opportunity for expansion, employment, and economic development in the municipality. Investment in hospital infrastructure and incentives for health sector employment will increase health care capacity while also growing economic opportunities for young people in Santa Catarina Do Fogo. While encouraging longterm expansion of the health care system, support underserved communities by developing a program for visiting medical practitioners to increase access to preventive and acute care in the municipality

Communications Capacity

Santa Catarina Do Fogo has the 9th lowest ranking for overall Communications Capacity, driven by the 4th lowest percentage of the population with mobile phones (61%), and fewer than 18% of households with fixed phones. Limited communications capacity exacerbates information access vulnerability and hinders the ability of government agencies to share critical information during disasters.

Boost Communications Capacity and overall resilience through the expansion of infrastructure to ensure coverage, accessibility, and reliability of communications during disasters. Encourage telecommunications infrastructure development at a sustainable pace and implement risk reduction measures in all infrastructure enhancements to protect against hazard impacts. Create communications plans to share critical information with the public during disasters, leveraging multimodal communication strategies (radio, internet, television, fixed- and mobile telephone).

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