

ARGENTINA

BUENOS AIRES

NDPBA PROVINCE PROFILE



ARGENTINA BUENOS AIRES

CAPITAL: LA PLATA

Area: 307,004 km²

The Buenos Aires Province is located in the Central region of Argentina. Unlike the other Provinces in Argentina, the territorial divisions are called partidos instead of Provinces. The Province has 135 partidos, the Capital being La Plata. The Province borders Uruguay, the Ciudad Autónoma de Buenos Aires and the Provinces of Entre Ríos, Santa Fe, Córdoba, La Pampa and Río Negro. The main economic sources are agriculture, livestock and manufactures.



RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - Very High

Score: 0.664 · Rank: 1/24



RESILIENCE (R) - Moderate

Score: 0.454 · Rank: 14/24



Population (2018)

17,196,396



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) - Very High

Score: 0.901 · Rank: 1/24



Population in Poverty

35.9%



VULNERABILITY (V) - Very High

Score: 0.616 · Rank: 3/24



Illiterate population

1.4%



Access to improved water

75.1%



Average life expectancy

75.2 years



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - High

Score: 0.524 · Rank: 5/24

*For more information on data and components please visit: https://bit.ly/2LqVoUO



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 1 / 24 PROVINCES

SCORE: 0.901



MHE 0.901

Raw MHE 1.0

Relative MHE 0.802

ESTIMATED POPULATION AND CAPITAL EXPOSED TO EACH HAZARD:



Earthquake

0%

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Flood

10% 4 1,680,072 **562.3** Billion

Landslide

14%

2,418,098 \$90.6 Billion



Volcanic Eruption

0%

2 0

(M)

Wildfire

13% 2,224,447

\$83.1 Billion

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Drought

100%

17,222,427 \$624.4 Billion



Extreme Temperature

100%

17,166,043 \$622.8 Billion



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 3 / 24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.616

Vulnerability in Buenos Aires is primarily driven by Gender Inequality and Clean Water Access Vulnerability. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Vulnerability score.



Environmental Stress

SCORE: 0.716 RANK: 5/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

13.5% 25

Land Land affected degredation by wildfire (per 100k ha)



Vulnerable Health Status

SCORE: 0.37 RANK: 12/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

75.2 3.4 7.7 9.9 12.0% 30.4 HIV Disability Tuberculosis Life expectancy Infant mortality Maternal rate (per 1,000 (years) mortality ratio incidence incidence

0

Clean Water Vulnerability

live births)

SCORE: 0.76 RANK: 5/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

24.9% 52.4% Households without pixed

without piped without sewage water services



Information Access Vulnerability

SCORE: 0.532 RANK: 12/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

1.4% 79.4% 89.0% 2.02

Illiteracy Rate Secondary School Education investment per (Age 10+) education enrollment capita (million pesos) completion rate

U\$

Economic Constraints

SCORE: 0.645 RANK: 7/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

56.8 6.0% 35.9%

Economic Unemployment Poverty rate dependency rate ratio



Gender Inequality

SCORE: 0.793 RANK: 4/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

2.07 38.5

Female to male Female judiciary unemployment seats



Population Pressures

SCORE: 0.492 RANK: 14/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

1.1%

Average Annual population change

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COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 5 / 24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.524

Buenos Aires exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Communications Capacity and Health Care Capacity. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Coping Capacity score.



Economic Capacity

SCORE: 0.554

RANK: 3/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

1101.7

21.9

Crime

prevalence

30.3%

82.2%

participation

Voter

8.1

Exports per capita (USD)

Work insurance coverage

Tax distribution



Governance

SCORE: 0.502 RANK: 13/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED



Environmental Capacity

SCORE: 0,067 **RANK: 23/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

3.2% 5.1% Protected area Forest cover



Infrastructure Capacity

SCORE: 0.639

RANK: 3/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED



Health Care Capacity SCORE: 0.495 RANK: 8/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

36.6

29

64.6%

22.6

Hopital beds per 10,000 people

Physicians per 10,000 people Health insurance coverage

Average distance to nearest

hospital (km2)



Transportation Capacity SCORE: 0.76 RANK: 2/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

0.43 15.2

Road density (km per sq. km)

Average distance to port (km)

Proportion of roads improved



Communications Capacity SCORE: 0.495 RANK: 8/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

100.0%

45.1%

15.5%

Households with Internet

Television subscriptions per 100 people



Energy Capacity SCORE: 0.807 **RANK: 5/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

98.9%

65.0%

Households with electricity

Households with gas



Disaster Management Capabilities

SCORE: 0.605

RANK: 4/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

23.9 Distance to fire station (km)

Shelters per 100k persons

53.6% Radiobase access

National Disaster Preparedness Baseline Assessment: Argentina

1.1



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 14 / 24 PROVINCES

SCORE: 0.454

Buenos Aires's score and ranking are due to Very High Vulnerability combined with High Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:









Gender Inequality

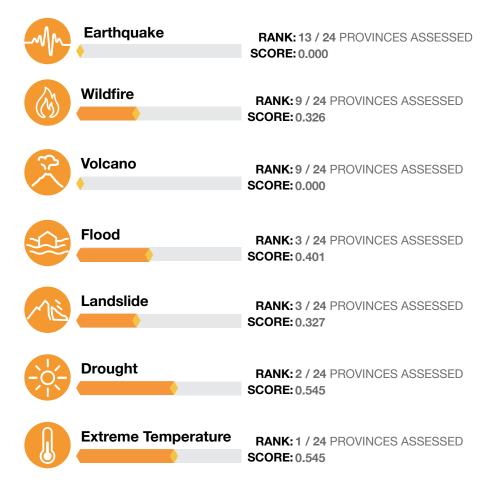
Clean Water Access Vulnerability

Communications Capacity

Health Care Capacity



HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)



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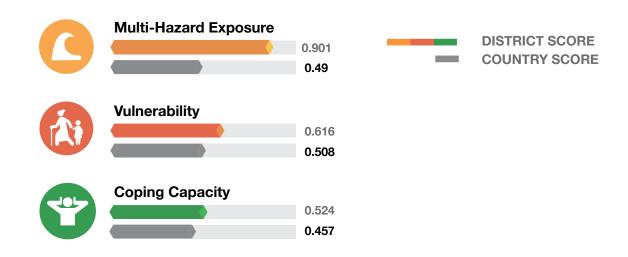
MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

1 / 24

RANK WITHIN PROVINCES Score: 0.664

Buenos Aires's score and ranking are due to Very High Multi-hazard exposure combined with Very High Vulnerability and High Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:



BUENOS AIRES RECOMMENDATIONS

Gender Inequality

Focus efforts to support equal labor participation by diversifying economic opportunities for women in the Province.

Promote social benefit programs that support single parents with children.

Encourage women to participate in the disaster management planning and decision-making process through inclusion community emergency brigades and representation in local government.

2

Clean Water Access Vulnerability

Nearly 25% of homes in Buenos Aires Province do not have access to piped water, and 52% are not connected to sewer services, resulting in the 5th highest Clean Water Vulnerability in Argentina. Invest in improved water and sanitation infrastructure to increase access to clean water and reduce health risks. Findings show a high rate of exposure drought in Buenos Aires Province. Invest in infrastructure to promote water conservation and support farmers through training and education on drought resistant crop varieties and farming practices to reduce water stress and drought impacts.

Buenos Aires Province is also at high risk for flood. Educate and build preparedness among exposed communities on potential impacts of floods on fresh water and sanitation systems. Replace dated and unimproved water and sanitation infrastructure to reduce potential impacts and increase resilience.

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BUENOS AIRES RECOMMENDATIONS

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Communications Capacity

Buenos Aires Province ranks 8th in overall Communications Capacity. Pursue publicprivate partnerships to increase availability and affordability of internet and television communications. While investing to diversify access to communication technology, officials should broadcast critical information and disaster warnings primarily via alternate media (such as radio) to keep the population informed and ensure that appropriate actions are taken. Buenos Aires in highly exposed to extreme temperature, drought, landslide, wildfire and flood hazards



Health Care Capacity

Findings show that Buenos Aires Province has just 29 physicians per 10,000 persons, compared to 131 in CABA. In coordination with Ministerio de Salud and Medical I/NGOs, implement incentives to attract physicians to rural and underserved communities of Buenos Aires Province.

Reduce disparities in access to hospitals and medical services by ensuring equitable distribution of clinics and health services in rural and vulnerable communities.



Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer Morld.

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